

Family Services Association Lease

(FSA 2014)

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1. Basic Information, Definitions.

Authorizing Ordinance:

Landlord: City of San Antonio

Landlord’s Address: P.O. Box 839966, San Antonio, Texas 78283-3966
(Attention: Chris Kurzon)

Tenant: Family Service Association of San Antonio, Inc.

Tenant’s Address: Attn: Nancy Hard, President/CEO
702 San Pedro Ave.

San Antonio, TX 78212

Premises: Approximately 630 square feet of space located within the building known as the Claude Black Community Center at 2806 E. Commerce, San Antonio, Texas 78203, and as shown on the floor plan attached as **Exhibit A**.

Permitted Use: Counseling and mentoring services and parenting classes.

Commencement Date: March 1, 2014

Binding Date: This agreement is binding on the parties on the later of (A) the effective date of the Authorizing Ordinance or (B) the later of the signatures of the two parties.

Term: 5 Years from the Commencement date.

Rent: \$1 annually plus other good and valuable consideration beginning on the Commencement date.

Common Areas: All facilities and areas of the Building and Parking Facilities and related land that are intended and designated by Landlord from time to time for the common, general, and nonexclusive use of all tenants of the Building. Landlord has exclusive control over and right to manage the Common Areas.

Essential Services: (a) HVAC to the Premises reasonable for the Permitted Use (exclusive of needs unique to specialized equipment) during Building Operating Hours; (b) hot and cold water for lavatories and drinking; (c) periodic window washing; (d) elevator service, if necessary, to provide access to and from the Premises; (e) electricity for normal office machines and the Building's standard lighting reasonable for the Permitted Use; and (f) lighting in Common Areas and fluorescent lights in the Building's standard light fixtures on the Premises.

Operating Expenses: All expenses that Landlord must reasonably pay in connection with ownership, operation, and maintenance of the building, except costs for (i) principal or interest on any debt, (ii) capital expenditures classifiable as such for federal income tax purposes; (iii) repair, replacements, and general maintenance paid by proceeds of insurance or by Tenant or other third parties; (iv) depreciation; (v) leasing commissions; (vi) legal expenses; (vii) renovating or

otherwise improving space in the Building; (viii) federal income taxes imposed on or measured by the income of Landlord from operation of the Building; and (ix) marketing expenses.

Address for Payment of Rent: City of San Antonio
P.O. Box 839966, San Antonio, Texas 78283-3966
(Attention: Chris Kurzon)

2. Grant.

Landlord leases the Premises to Tenant, and Tenant takes the Premises from Landlord on the terms and conditions of this Lease.

3. Rent.

3.01. Rent includes all sums due to Landlord under this lease, no matter how denominated and is due in the amounts defined in Section 1 in advance on the first day of each month or within 10 days thereafter without penalty. Due but unpaid amounts bear interest at the prime rate of interest (Prime Rate) in effect on the due date as published from time to time in The Wall Street Journal (or, if The Wall Street Journal ceases publication, another financial publication reasonably selected by Landlord) plus four percent per annum (Interest Rate) from the due date until paid in full. In addition, if Tenant is delinquent in paying an amount for more than 10 days after the date due, Tenant must pay to Landlord upon demand a late charge equal to five percent of the delinquent sum. Interest and late charges are in addition to all Landlord's other rights and remedies.

3.02. Tenant's covenant to pay Rent and Landlord's covenants are independent. Tenant must not abate Rent for any reason.

4. Term.

The term of this Lease is the Term defined in Section 1, unless sooner terminated by either party upon 90 days notice after the 2nd year.

5. Tenant's Affirmative Promises.

Tenant promises that it will:

5.01. Accept the Premises in their present condition "AS IS," the Premises being currently suitable for the Permitted Use.

5.02. Obey (a) all applicable laws relating to the use, condition, and occupancy of the Premises and Building; (b) any requirements imposed by utility companies serving or insurance companies covering the Premises or Building; and (c) any rules and regulations for the Building adopted by Landlord.

5.03. Obtain and pay janitorial services for the premises.

5.04. Allow Landlord to enter the Premises to perform Landlord's obligations, inspect the Premises, and show the Premises to prospective purchasers or tenants.

5.05. Repair, replace, and maintain any part of the Premises that Landlord is not obligated to repair, replace, or maintain, normal wear excepted.

5.06. After casualty loss not terminating the lease, rebuild the interior partitions, ceilings, wiring, light fixtures, and plumbing.

5.07. Submit in writing to Landlord any request for repairs, replacement, and maintenance that are the obligations of Landlord.

5.08. Vacate the Premises and return all keys to the Premises on the last day of the Term, subject to any holdover rights.

5.09. On request, execute an estoppel certificate that states the Commencement Date and Termination Date of the lease, identifies any amendments to the lease, describes any rights to extend the Term or purchase rights, lists defaults by Landlord, and provides any other information reasonably requested. Tenant need not sign any certificate that purports to modify Tenant's obligations in any respect, except for a change in the address for notice or payment of rent.

6. Tenant's Negative Promises.

Tenant promises that it will not:

6.01. Use the Premises for any purpose other than the Permitted Use.

6.02. Create a nuisance.

6.03. Interfere with any other tenant's normal business operations or Landlord's management of the Building.

6.04. Permit waste.

6.05. Use the Premises in any way that would increase insurance premiums or void insurance on the Building.

6.06. Change Landlord's lock system.

6.07. Alter the Premises.

6.08. Allow a lien to be placed on the Premises.

7. Landlord's Affirmative Promises.

Landlord promises that it will:

7.01. Lease to Tenant the Premises for the entire Term beginning on the Commencement Date and ending on the Termination Date.

7.02. Obey all laws applicable to Landlord's operation of the Building.

7.03. Provide the Essential Services and pay for utilities.

7.04. Repair, replace, and maintain the (a) roof, (b) foundation, (c) Common Areas, (d) structural soundness of the exterior walls, doors, corridors, and windows, (e) HVAC, wiring, and plumbing, and (d) other structures or equipment serving the Premises.

7.05. Allow Tenant the nonexclusive right to use the Common Areas subject to any reasonable rules and regulations that Landlord may prescribe.

8. Landlord's Negative Promise.

Landlord promises that it will not interfere with Tenant's possession of the Premises as long as Tenant is not in default.

9. Alterations.

Physical additions or improvements to the Premises made by Tenant require approval by Landlord. Any such request by Tenant must be in writing made prior to any work being conducted and any physical additions or improvements will become the property of Landlord. Landlord may require that Tenant, at the end of the Term and

at Tenant's expense, remove any physical additions and improvements, repair any alterations, and restore the Premises to the condition existing at the Commencement Date, normal wear excepted.

10. Indemnity.

10.01. These definitions apply to the indemnity provisions of this Lease:

10.01.01. "Indemnified Claims" mean all loss, cost, liability, or expense, directly or indirectly arising, in whole or in part, out of acts or omissions of any person other than an Indemnitee that give rise to assertions of Indemnitee liability under this Contract, whether or not the person is a party to this agreement. Indemnified Claims include attorneys' fees and court costs and include claims arising from property damage and from personal or bodily injury, including death. Indemnified Claims also include claims in which an Indemnitee shares liability with the Indemnitor.

10.01.02. "Indemnitees" means the City of San Antonio and its elected officials, officers, employees, agents, and other representatives, collectively, against whom an Indemnified Claim has been asserted.

10.01.03. "Indemnitor" means Tenant.

10.02. Indemnitor must indemnify Indemnitees, individually and collectively, from all Indemnified Claims.

10.03. If Indemnitor and one or more Indemnitees are finally adjudged to be jointly liable for Indemnified Claim, Indemnitor need not further indemnify the so-adjudged Indemnitees from liability arising from the Indemnitees' adjudicated share of liability. But despite allegations of Indemnitee negligence, Indemnitor must nevertheless defend all Indemnitees until final adjudication. Indemnitor may not recover sums previously spent defending or otherwise indemnifying the Indemnitee who has been adjudged to be negligent and must continue to indemnify other Indemnitees.

10.04. There are no third-party beneficiaries of this indemnity other than the category of people and entities included within the definition of Indemnitees..

10.05. Indemnitor must promptly advise the City of San Antonio in writing of any Indemnified Claim and must, at its own cost, investigate and defend the Indemnified Claim. Whether or not the City of San Antonio is an Indemnitee as to a particular Indemnified Claim, the City of San Antonio may require Indemnitor to

replace the counsel Indemnitor has hired to defend Indemnitees. The City may also require Indemnitor to hire specific-named counsel for so long as the named counsel's hourly rates do not exceed the usual and customary charges for counsel handling sophisticated and complex litigation in the locale where the suit is pending. No such actions release or impair Indemnitor's obligations under this indemnity paragraph, including its obligation to pay for the counsel selected by City. Regardless of who selects the counsel, the counsel's clients are Indemnitees, not Indemnitor.

10.06. In addition to the indemnity required under this Lease, each Indemnitee may, at its own expense, participate in its defense by counsel of its choosing without relieving or impairing Indemnitor's obligations under this indemnity paragraph.

10.07. Indemnitor may not settle any Indemnified Claim without the consent of the City of San Antonio, whether or not the City is an Indemnitee as to the particular Indemnified Claim, unless (A) the settlement will be fully funded by Indemnitor and (B) the proposed settlement does not contain an admission of liability or wrongdoing by any Indemnitee. The City's withholding its consent as allowed in the preceding sentence does not release or impair Indemnitor's obligations of this indemnity paragraph. Even if the City of San Antonio is not an Indemnitee as to a particular Indemnified Claim, Indemnitor must give City at least 20 days advance written notice of the details of a proposed settlement before it becomes binding. Any settlement purporting to bind an Indemnitee must first be approved by City Council.

10.08. Nothing in this Lease waives governmental immunity or other defenses of Indemnitees under applicable law.

10.09. If, for whatever reason, a court refuses to enforce this indemnity as written, and only in that case, the parties must contribute to any Indemnified Claim 5% by the Indemnitees and 95% by the Indemnitor. Indemnitor need look only to the City of San Antonio for Indemnitees' 5% if the City of San Antonio is an Indemnified Party as to a particular Indemnified Claim.

11. Insurance.

11.01. Tenant must maintain throughout the term of this Lease, as it may be extended, insurance coverage written on an occurrence form, by companies authorized and admitted to do business in the State of Texas, rated A or better by A.M. Best Company or otherwise acceptable to Landlord, in the following types and amounts:

Type:	Amount:
1. Worker's Compensation	Statutory, with a Waiver of subrogation in favor of Landlord
2. Employer's Liability	\$500,000/\$500,000/\$500,000 with a Waiver of Subrogation in favor of Landlord
3. Commercial General Public Liability Insurance to include (but not be limited to coverage for) coverage for the following:	For Bodily Injury, Death, and Property Damage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence; \$2,000,000 general aggregate, or its equivalent in umbrella or excess liability coverage
(a) Premises/Operations	
(b) Independent Contractors	
(c) Products/Completed Operations	
(d) Contractual Liability	
(e) Personal Injury Liability	
(f) Broad-Form Property Damage, to include Fire Legal Liability	Coverage for replacement cost of Tenant's improvements
4. Business Automobile Liability to include coverage for:	Combined Single Limit for Bodily Injury, Death, and Property Damage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence
(a.) Owned/Leased Automobiles	
(b.) Non-owned Automobiles	
(c) Hired Automobiles	
5. Property Insurance for physical damage to the property of the Tenant, including improvements and betterments	Coverage for replacement cost of Tenant's improvements.

11.02. Each insurance policy required by this Lease must contain the following clauses:

"This insurance cannot be canceled, limited in scope or coverage, or non-renewed until after 60-days' prior written notice has been given to:

City Clerk, City of San Antonio
City Hall/2nd Floor
P. O. Box 839966
San Antonio, Texas 78283-3966
Attention: Risk Manager

and

Department of Building and Equipment
Services
City of San Antonio
P.O. Box 839966
San Antonio, Texas 78283-3966
Attention: Director

"The insurance provided by Tenant is primary to any insurance or self-insurance maintained by the City of San Antonio."

"Any insurance or self-insurance maintained by the City of San Antonio applies in excess of, and does not contribute with, insurance provided by this policy."

Each insurance policy required by this Lease, excepting policies for Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability, must contain the following clause:

"The City of San Antonio, its officials, employees, representatives and volunteers are added as additional insureds, by endorsement, as respects operations and activities of, or on behalf of, the named insured performed under this Lease with the City of San Antonio. This policy cannot be invalidated as to Landlord because of Tenant's breach of representation, warranty, declaration, or condition of this policy."

11.03. If Tenant makes leasehold improvements, Tenant must provide Builder's Risk Insurance Coverage, Worker's Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance Coverage, Professional Liability Insurance Coverage and any other liability or other insurance required by Landlord's Risk Manager. The policies likewise must be in amounts required by Landlord's Risk Manager and must cover all risks of physical loss during the term of any construction contract and until work is accepted by the City of San Antonio. Tenant must maintain the insurance during the construction phase. Tenant or its contractors or subcontractors must further provide payment and performance bonds naming Landlord as indemnitee. If the construction is minor, Tenant may request the requirements of this Section be waived, but a waiver may be granted only by Landlord's Risk Manager. In deciding whether to waive, Landlord's Risk manager has absolute discretion. The Risk Manager may make the waiver without further action of council.

11.04. Within 30 days after the Commencement Date and promptly after Landlord's later request, Tenant must, at its own expense, deliver certificates to

Landlord's Risk Manager and to the City Clerk, reflecting all required insurance coverage, together with copies of policies and endorsements. All endorsements and certificates must be signed by an authorized representative of the insurance company and must include the signatory's company affiliation and title. If requested by Landlord, Tenant must send Landlord documentation acceptable to Landlord that confirms that the individual signing the endorsements and certificates is authorized to do so by the insurance company. Landlord may request changes in policy terms, conditions, limitations, or exclusions (except where established by law). If Landlord does so and the changes would increase premiums, Landlord will discuss the changes. If Landlord still wants the changes after discussion, Tenant must make the changes and pay the cost thereof. Landlord's review and approval of a certificate does not waive the certificate's noncompliance with the requirements of this Lease.

11.05. The Notices and Certificates of Insurance must be provided to the same addresses as for notices of cancellation.

11.06. Nothing in this Lease limits Tenant's liability for damages to persons or property resulting from Tenant's activities or the activities of Tenant's agents, employees, sublessees, or invitees.

11.07. Landlord disclaims an employee, agent, or invitee relationship with any person whose presence on the Premises is through Tenant. Claims resulting from assertions of tort liability or any obligation for which Tenant may be liable under any workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, disability benefits, similar statutory scheme are the sole obligation of Tenant.

11.08. Landlord will self-insure as it deems advisable. As a political subdivision of the State of Texas, Landlord is subject to the Texas Tort Claims Act, and the obligations of Landlord and the rights of persons claiming against Landlord are subject to that Act.

12. Release of Claims/Subrogation.

The insurance requirements of this Lease are a bargained-for allocation of risk of loss. Landlord and Tenant release each other from claims arising from injury or loss to either of them or to third parties to which they are liable, if the injury or loss is covered by insurance the waiving party is required by this Lease to maintain, whether or not the party actually has the insurance ("Covered Claims"). This release is additional to and does not limit any other release contained in this lease. Landlord and Tenant, to the maximum extent allowable without causing cancellation of a required policy, will require their insurers to waive subrogation against each other for Covered Claims.

13. Environmental Matters.

13.01. "Environmental Laws" means applicable federal, state, and local laws relating to protection of the public health, welfare, and the environment, including without limitation, those laws relating to the storage, handling, and use of chemicals and other hazardous substances, those relating to the generation, processing, treatment, storage, transport, disposal, or other management of waste materials of any kind, and those relating to the protection of environmentally sensitive areas.

13.02. "Hazardous Material" means "hazardous substance," "pollution or contaminant," "petroleum," and "natural gas liquids," as those terms are defined by or used in Environmental Laws, or that are regulated because of their effect or potential effect on human health and the environment.

13.03. "Release" means depositing, spilling, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing.

13.03. In its use of the Premises, Tenant must comply with all applicable Environmental Laws and must cause its employees, agents, and contractors on the Premises to do so as well. Tenant will obtain all permits required under Environmental Law for its use of the Premises. At least 180 days before expiration of any such permit, Tenant must present proof to Landlord that it has applied for renewal.

13.04. Tenant must not allow the Release of any Hazardous Material from its use of the Premises on, onto, or from the Property. Tenant further must not to handle, use, or otherwise manage any Hazardous Material on the Premises or the Property in violation of any Environmental Laws or in any but a reasonable and prudent manner.

13.05. Tenant must to immediately provide to Landlord copies of: (i) any documents required to be submitted to a Governmental Authority under Environmental Law; (ii) any notice alleging a violation of Environmental Law, or (iii) any demand from or allegation by any third party in relation to Hazardous Materials or Environmental Law. Tenant must promptly deliver to Landlord any information it receives regarding any Release of Hazardous Materials on, to, from, or about the Premises.

13.06. Landlord may conduct, at Tenant's expense, periodic inspections of the Premises and Tenant's operations thereon to assure compliance with Tenant's

environmental covenants. Tenant need not pay the expense of more than such inspection in any 12-month period.

13.07. Tenant must indemnify Landlord and hold Landlord and its officials, employees, and contractors from loss, cost, liability, or expense (including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees and expenses, including all attorney's fees and expenses incurred by Tenant in enforcing this indemnity) arising from or relating to breach of Tenant's environmental representations, warranties, and covenants..

14. Landlord's Municipal Powers.

Landlord is a municipality as well as landlord under this Lease. As a municipality, it may from time to time exercise municipal powers unrelated to the Lease that will nevertheless adversely affect Tenant. Such actions may include redirection of traffic, street closures, or other actions intended to facilitate public safety, the public interest, or the conduct of major events. No such action by Landlord as a municipality is a breach of Landlord's duties as landlord or entitles Tenant to any relief under this Lease. Likewise, no breach of contract or other duty by municipal utility providers is a breach of Landlord's duties as landlord or entitles Tenant to any relief under this Lease. Tenant has no more rights under this Lease than it would if its landlord were a private entity.

15. Prohibited Interests in Contracts.

15.01. The Charter of the City of San Antonio and its Ethics Code prohibit a City officer or employee, as defined in Section 2-52 of the Ethics Code, from having a financial interest in any contract with the City or any City agency such as city owned utilities. An officer or employee has a "prohibited financial interest" in a contract with the City or in the sale to the City of land, materials, supplies or service, if any of the following individual(s) or entities is a party to the contract or sale:

- (i) a City officer or employee;
- (ii) his parent, child or spouse;
- (iii) a business entity in which the officer or employee, or his parent, child or spouse owns (i) 10% or more of the voting stock or shares of the business entity, or (ii) 10% or more of the fair market value of the business entity;

(iv) a business entity in which any individual or entity above listed is a (i) subcontractor on a City contract, (ii) a partner, or (iii) a parent or subsidiary business entity.

15.02. Tenant warrants and certifies as follows:

(i) Tenant and its officers, employees and agents are neither officers nor employees of the City.

(ii) Tenant has tendered to the City a Discretionary Contracts Disclosure Statement in compliance with the City's Ethics Code.

15.03. Tenant acknowledges that City's reliance on the above warranties and certifications is reasonable.

16. Casualty/Total or Partial Destruction.

16.01. If the Premises are damaged by casualty and can be restored within ninety days, Landlord will, at its expense, restore the roof, foundation, and structural soundness of the exterior walls of the Premises. Restoration must be to substantially the same condition existing before the casualty. If Landlord fails to complete the portion of the restoration for which Landlord is responsible within ninety days from the date of written notification by Tenant to Landlord of the casualty, Tenant may terminate this lease by written notice delivered to Landlord before Landlord completes Landlord's restoration obligations.

16.02. If the Premises cannot be restored within ninety days, Landlord has an option to restore the Premises. If Landlord chooses not to restore, this lease will terminate. If Landlord chooses to restore, Landlord will notify Tenant of the estimated time to restore and give Tenant an option to terminate this lease by notifying Landlord within ten days. If Tenant does not terminate this lease, the lease will continue, and Landlord will restore the Premises as provided above.

16.03. To the extent the Premises are untenantable after the casualty, the Rent will be adjusted as may be fair and reasonable.

16.04. If Landlord is obligated to rebuild or chooses to do so, Tenant must promptly rebuild and restore all improvements the maintenance of which are its responsibility under this Lease. Restoration must be to substantially the same condition existing before the casualty.

16.05. As with the insurance requirements, the rebuilding obligations of this paragraph are a bargained-for allocation of risk.

17. Condemnation/Substantial or Partial Taking.

17.01. If the Premises cannot be used for the purposes contemplated by this lease because of condemnation or purchase in lieu of condemnation, this lease will terminate.

17.02. If there is a condemnation or purchase in lieu of condemnation and this lease is not terminated, Landlord will, at Landlord's expense, restore the Premises, and the Rent payable during the unexpired portion of the Term will be adjusted as may be fair and reasonable.

17.03. Tenant will have no claim to the condemnation award or proceeds in lieu of condemnation.

18. Holdover.

If Tenant holds over after termination or expiration of this Lease, it is a Tenant at sufferance under the terms of this Lease, except that the Rent is \$2,000 monthly.

19. Default, Remedies for Default.

19.01. *Events of Default.* If Tenant permits or fails to prevent any of the following occurrences, it is a Tenant event of default:

19.01.01. Tenant fails to pay when due any installment of Rent, and such default continues for five days after written notice from Landlord, but Tenant is not entitled to more than one notice of a delinquency in regularly recurring rent installments during any 12-month period. After the first such delinquency, Tenant is in default for failure to pay regularly recurring Rent installments timely even if Landlord does not give notice.

19.01.02. Tenant fails to comply with any term, provision or covenant of this Lease, other than the payment of rental or expenses demanded by Landlord and does not cure such failure within 30 days after written notice thereof to Tenant, or any representation or warranty by Tenant is false or misleading in any material respect when given to Landlord.

19.01.03. This Lease or the Premises or any part thereof is taken upon execution or by other process of law directed against Tenant, or is taken upon or subject to any attachment at the instance of any creditor or claimant against Tenant, and the attachment is not to be discharged or disposed of within 30 days after the levy thereof.

19.01.04. Tenant files a petition in bankruptcy or insolvency or for reorganization or arrangement under the bankruptcy laws of the United States or under any insolvency act of any state, or voluntarily takes advantage of any such law or act by answer or otherwise, or is dissolved, or makes a transfer in fraud of creditors or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or admits in writing its inability to pay its debts as they mature.

19.01.05. Involuntary proceedings under any such bankruptcy law or insolvency act or for the dissolution of Tenant is instituted against Tenant, or a receiver or trustee of all or substantially all of the property of Tenant is appointed, and such proceeding is not dismissed or such receivership or trusteeship vacated within sixty (60) days after such institution or appointment.

19.01.06. Tenant deserts, vacates or abandons all or any portion of the Premises, or ceases to physically occupy any substantial portion of the Premises and continuously operate its business on the Premises, or fails to commence business operations in the Premises on or before the Commencement Date. If Tenant removes or makes preparations to remove its goods, equipment, inventory, and fixtures (other than in the normal course of business) in amounts sufficient to indicate a probable intent to vacate the Premises, Tenant's breach is established conclusively.

19.01.07. Tenant does or permits to be done anything which creates a lien upon the Premises which is not removed or released within 30 days of its filing.

19.01.08. This Lease or the estate of Tenant hereunder is transferred to, or passes to any other person or party except in a manner permitted herein.

19.02. *Remedies for Default.* Upon the occurrence of any Tenant event of default, Landlord has the option to pursue anyone or more of the following:

19.02.01. In addition to, and without limiting any other remedies available to Landlord at law or in equity, immediately terminate this Lease and all rights of Tenant hereunder. Upon termination, Tenant must immediately surrender

the Premises to Landlord. If Tenant fails to do so, Landlord may, without prejudice to any other remedy, enter and take possession of the Premises or any part thereof and expel or remove Tenant and any other person who may be occupying the Premises or any part thereof, by force if necessary, without being liable for prosecution or any claim of damages.

19.02.04. Alter all locks and other security devices at the Premises without terminating this Lease. If Landlord does so:

(i) Landlord need not allow Tenant re-entry to the Premises or provide Tenant with a new key unless and until Tenant cures any and all defaults under this Lease,

(ii) Landlord may refuse to give Tenant a new key unless Tenant increases its security deposit by an amount determined by Landlord,

(iii) if Landlord does provide Tenant with a key, it will do so only during the Landlord's regular business hours, and

(iv) Tenant must obligated to pay Landlord all costs and expenses incurred by Landlord in connection with altering the locks and other security devices.

Landlord's remedies and rights under this Lease entirely supersede and supplant the provisions of Texas Property Code § 93.002.

19.03. *Effect of Termination.* If Landlord terminates the Lease for an event of default, then despite the termination, Tenant is liable for and must pay Landlord, at the Address for Payment of Rent, all Rent accrued to the date of termination. Landlord's acceptance of past-due rent after termination does not reinstate the Lease.

19.04. *Obligation to Reimburse.* If Tenant fails to timely make any payment or cure any default, Landlord, without an obligation to do so and without waiving default, may make the payment or remedy the other default for the account of Tenant (and enter the Premises for such purposes). Thereupon Tenant must pay upon demand, all costs, expenses, and disbursements (including reasonable attorney's fees) incurred by Landlord in taking the remedial action.

19.05. *Default by Landlord.* If Landlord defaults, Tenant's exclusive remedy is an action for damages (Tenant hereby waiving the benefit of any laws granting it a lien upon the property of Landlord or on rent due Landlord). Tenant is not permitted to withhold Rent. Before filing any such action Tenant must give Landlord 30-days

prior written notice specifying the alleged default and giving Landlord opportunity to cure. Unless and until Landlord fails to timely cure a default after written notice, Tenant has no remedy or cause of action by reason thereof. All obligations of Landlord are covenants, not conditions. Landlord's liability to Tenant for default is limited to actual, direct, but not consequential, damages. **Tenant hereby waives its statutory lien under § 91.004 of the Texas Property Code.**

19.06. *Payments After Termination.* Tenant's payment of money to Landlord after termination or after notice of default (other than a demand for payment of money within any applicable cure period) does not reinstate, continue, or extend the term or affect any notice given to Tenant prior to the payment. After the service a suit or after any final judgment granting Landlord possession of the Premises, Landlord may receive and collect any sums due under the terms of this Lease or may otherwise exercise any of its rights and remedies hereunder. Such payment, whether as rent or otherwise, does not waive any notice or a termination of Tenant's right of possession, or in any manner affect any suit theretofore commenced or judgment previously obtained.

19.07. *Rights Respecting Personal Property.* If Landlord takes possession of the Premises under the authority of this Lease, Landlord may keep in place and use all furniture, fixtures, and equipment at the Premises, including that owned by or leased to Tenant at all times before foreclosure thereon by Landlord or repossession thereof by any lessor thereof or lienholder thereon. Landlord may also remove from the Premises (without obtaining a distress warrant, writ of sequestration, or other legal process) all or any part of the furniture, fixtures, equipment, and other property and place same in storage anywhere in the county in which the Premises are located. In such case, Tenant is liable to Landlord for costs incurred by Landlord in the removal and storage and must indemnify Landlord from all loss, damage, cost, expense, and liability arising from or relating to the removal and storage. Landlord also may relinquish all or any part of the furniture, fixtures, equipment, and other property to any person ("Claimant") who presents to Landlord a copy of any instrument represented to have been executed by Tenant, if the instrument purports to grant Claimant the right under various circumstances to take possession of the property. Landlord need not inquire into the authenticity of the instrument or Tenant's or Tenant's predecessor's signature thereon. Landlord further need not investigate or inquire into the validity of the factual or legal basis on which Claimant purports to act. Tenant indemnify Landlord from all loss, cost, liability, or expense arising from or relating to Landlord's relinquishment of property to a Claimant. These rights of Landlord are additional to any other rights that Landlord has or may hereafter have at law or in equity. Tenant stipulates that the rights herein granted Landlord are commercially reasonable.

19.08. *Cumulative Remedies.* Each right and remedy provided to Landlord in this Lease is cumulative to every other right or remedy provided to Landlord by this Lease or applicable law, including, but not limited to, suits for injunctive relief and specific performance. The exercise or beginning of the exercise by Landlord of one or more of the right or remedy does not preclude the simultaneous or later exercise by Landlord of another remedy. All costs incurred by Landlord in collecting any amounts and damages owed by Tenant under this Lease or to enforce any provision of it, including reasonable attorneys' fees from the date any such matter is turned over to litigation counsel, are also recoverable by Landlord from Tenant.

20. Warranty Disclaimer.

20.01. There are no implied warranties of merchantability, of fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other kind arising out of this lease, and there are no warranties that extend beyond those expressly stated in this lease. Without limitation, this Lease contains no express or implied warranty that the Premises have no latent defects or that the Premises are or will remain suitable for Tenant's purposes.

20.01. Tenant acknowledges it has had ample opportunity to perform due diligence regarding the Premises and accepts the Premises in their present condition, as-is.

21. Abandoned Property.

Landlord may retain, destroy, or dispose of any property left on the Premises at the end of the Term.

22. Appropriations.

All obligations of the City of San Antonio under this instrument are funded through the City of San Antonio General Fund and are subject to the discretion of City Council whether to appropriate funding for any given year of a term. If the City Council fails to appropriate money for this Lease in an annual City of San Antonio Budget, the City may terminate this Lease and have no further liability.

23. Sublease, Assignment.

Tenant cannot assign or sublease this lease without Landlord's prior written consent. Assignments include any transaction in which (A) a material part of Tenant's assets

are sold outside the ordinary course of business or (B) a change in the identity of those owning, holding, or controlling the power to vote of 50% of the equity interest in Tenant.

24. Dispute Resolution.

24.01. Before bringing any action arising out of this agreement, including an action for declaratory relief but not an action specifically excepted below, the disputants must first submit in good faith to mediation. The parties may not assert limitations, laches, waiver, and estoppel based upon attempts to mediate.

24.02. Filing suit on a claim that should be mediated waives the filer's right to demand mediation. But one party's waiver does not affect another party's right. A defendant does not waive mediation for so long as, within a reasonable time after appearing, the defendant gives written notice to the plaintiff or its counsel of intent to require compliance with this paragraph.

24.03. Mediation must be conducted in San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas.

24.04 The party desiring relief has the burden to initiate mediation. Waiting for another party to initiate mediation does not waive the right to it.

24.05. If the parties can otherwise agree on a mediator, they may do so. Alternatively, either party may petition any court of competent jurisdiction to appoint a mediator. The only predicate issues the court need consider before appointing a mediator are whether (i) the copy of the contract before the court is authentic and (ii) the contract was duly signed and delivered by all parties to be bound to mediate. If neither of those issues is denied under oath, the court may appoint a mediator upon motion, without trial.

24.06. Mediator fees must be borne equally.

24.07. The parties need not mediate before going to court (1) for either party to seek emergency injunctive relief or (2) for Landlord to seek eviction relief against Tenant.

25. Miscellaneous.

25.01. *Applicable Law.* **This Agreement's Construction And The Rights, Remedies, And Obligations Arising Under It Are Governed by The Laws of The State Of Texas.** But the Texas conflicts of law rules must not be used to apply the

laws of a jurisdiction other than Texas. Both parties' obligations under this agreement are performable in San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas, and venue for any action arising under this agreement is only in Bexar County, Texas.

25.02. *Severability.* If any part of this agreement is found invalid or unenforceable, the finding does not affect the remainder.

25.03. *Successors.* This Agreement inures to the benefit of and binds the heirs, representatives, successors, and permitted assigns of each party. This clause does not authorize any assignment not otherwise authorized.

25.04. *Integration.* **This Written Agreement Represents The Final Agreement Between The Parties And May Not Be Contradicted By Evidence Of Prior, Contemporaneous, Or Subsequent Oral Agreements Of The Parties. There Are No Oral Agreements Between The Parties.**

25.05. *Modification.* This Agreement may be changed only by a written agreement, signed by both parties. Subject to that restriction, any of this Agreement's terms may be modified by the party entitled to their benefit, but no modification, express or implied, affects the right of the modifying party either (i) to apply any other term or condition or (ii) to apply the same term or condition to a later or earlier occasion.

25.06. *Third Party Beneficiaries.* This Agreement benefits the parties and their successors and permitted assigns only. It has no third party beneficiaries.

25.07. *Notices.* Notices must be in writing and by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the parties at their respective addresses set forth at the beginning. Notice is complete three days after deposit, properly addressed and postage prepaid, with the United States Postal Service. Failure to use certified mail does not defeat the effectiveness of notice actually received, but such notice is effective only on actual receipt. Address for notice may be changed by giving notice.

25.09. *Captions.* Paragraph captions are for ease of reference only and do not affect the interpretation.

25.10. *Counterparts.* This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which is an original, whether or not all parties sign the same document. Regardless of their number, counterparts constitute only one agreement. In making proof of this agreement, one need not produce or account for more counterparts than necessary to show execution by or on behalf of all parties.

25.11. *Further Assurances.* The parties must execute and deliver such additional documents and instruments as may be necessary to effect fully the provisions hereof. But no such additional documents can alter the rights or obligations of the parties stated in this agreement.

25.12. *Administrative Actions and Agreements.* The Director of Capital Improvements Management Services (“CIMS”) and the Assistant Director for Real Estate of CIMS may, without further council action, agree to, sign, and deliver on behalf of the City all consents, certificates, memoranda, estoppels, and modifications of nonmaterial rights and obligations arising under this Lease and may declare Tenant defaults and pursue remedies for such defaults, including terminating this Lease. This paragraph does not authorize lease amendments or renewals without council consent.

25.13. *Conflicts Between Numbers Stated Two Ways.* Whenever this lease states the same number both as a lump sum and as a calculated number (as, e.g., rent per month or costs per square foot), if the lump sum conflicts with the calculated number, the calculated number controls. If the Lease contains two calculated numbers that conflict, the calculation yielding the higher number controls.

25.14. *Incorporation of Exhibits.* All exhibits to this Lease are incorporated into it for all purposes as if fully set forth.

25.15. *Binding Date.* This agreement is binding on the parties on the later of (A) the effective date of the Authorizing Ordinance or (B) the later of the signatures of the two parties.

26. Public Information.

Tenant acknowledges that this instrument is public information within the meaning of Chapter 552 of the Texas Government Code and accordingly may be disclosed to the public. Nothing in this agreement waives an otherwise applicable exception to disclosure.

In Witness Whereof, the parties have caused their representatives to set their hands.

Landlord:

City of San Antonio, a Texas
municipal corporation

Signature: _____

Printed
Name: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

Tenant:

Association
Family Service of San Antonio, Inc.

Signature: 

Printed
Name: 1-12-2015

Title: President/CEO

Date: Nancy L. Hard

Approved as to Form:

City Attorney

Exhibit A: Description of Premises

FLOOR PLAN OF BUILDING

