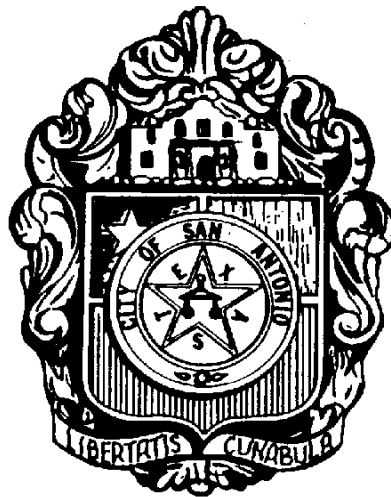


CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

**MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN
FINANCE CODE**



EFFECTIVE AUGUST 14, 2004

AMENDED MAY 9, 2013

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SAN ANTONIO CITY CODE
ARTICLE VII. MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN FINANCE CODE
Amended May 9, 2013

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ARTICLE VII. MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN FINANCE CODE

DIVISION 1. GENERAL

Sec. 2-300. Statement of policy.

It is essential in a democratic system that the public has confidence in the integrity, independence, and impartiality of those who are elected to act on their behalf in government. There is a public perception that a relationship exists between substantial contributions and access to elected officials. To diminish the perceived or actual connection between contributions and influence, the City adopts this Campaign Finance Code to promote public confidence and, it is hoped, a greater degree of citizen participation in the electoral process.

Sec. 2-301. Definitions.

- (a) Contribution cycles applicable to candidates and specific purpose political action committees (SPAC) formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate. The following constitute separate contribution cycles:
- (1) The pre-election contribution cycle begins on July 1 of the calendar year before the date of the general [regular] municipal election, and ends on the date of the general [regular] municipal election;
 - (2) The run-off election contribution cycle begins [For a candidate or a specific-purpose political action committee (SPAC) formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate in a run-off election after the regular municipal election, beginning] the day after the general [regular] municipal election, and [ending] ends on the date of the run-off election, for candidates involved in the run-off election;
 - (3) The post-election contribution cycle begins on the day after the general [regular] municipal election or the day after the run-off election, as applicable, [until] through June 30 of the calendar year before the next general [regular] municipal election; and
 - (4) The special election contribution cycle resulting from a City Council vacancy will begin on the day the City Council acknowledges the vacancy and ends on the date of the special election. The special run-off contribution cycle begins the day after the special election and ends on the date of the special run-off election.
- (b) Under [V.T.C.A.,] Election Code § 251.001, a “contribution” means a direct or indirect transfer of money, goods, or services, or any other thing of value and includes an agreement made or other obligation incurred, whether legally enforceable or not, to make a transfer. The term includes a loan or extension of credit, other than those expressly excluded by this subdivision, and a guarantee of a loan or extension of credit, including a loan described by this subdivision.

The term “contribution” does not include a loan made in the due course of business by a corporation that is legally engaged in the business of lending money and that has conducted the business continuously for more than one (1) year before the loan is made.

(c) A loan is deemed to be made in the ordinary due course of business if it:

- (1) Bears the usual and customary interest rate of the lending institution for the category of loan involved;
- (2) Is made on a basis that assures repayment;
- (3) Is evidenced by a written instrument; and
- (4) Is subject to a due date or amortization schedule.

(d) Terms not defined in this chapter but defined in the Texas Election Code shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Texas Election Code. **Terms not defined in this chapter or the Texas Election Code, but defined in the Ethics Code shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Ethics Code.**

DIVISION 2. CONTRIBUTION LIMITS

Sec. 2-302. Limitation of political contributions to candidates or officeholders for Mayor or Council and specific-purpose political action committees.

- (a) A candidate for district office on the City Council or City Council officeholder may not accept more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) in political contributions from any individual or single entity per contribution cycle.
- (b) A candidate for Mayor or Mayoral officeholder may not accept more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) in political contributions from any individual or single entity per contribution cycle.
- (c) A specific-purpose political action committee (SPAC) registered with the City and formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for district office on the City Council or City Council officeholder may not accept more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) in political contributions from any individual or single entity per contribution cycle.
- (d) A specific-purpose political action committee (SPAC) registered with the City and formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for Mayor or the Mayoral officeholder for the City may not accept more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) in political contributions from any individual or single entity per contribution cycle.
- (e) Except as provided in section 2-304 of this chapter, the limits set out in subsections (a) - (d) of this section apply to contributions made in the form of loans, extensions of credit, and guarantees of loans or extensions of credit as described in subsection 2-301(b). Repayment of loans does reset the contribution limit.

- (f) Political action committees, commercial entities, or campaign vendors cannot provide in-kind contributions with a commercial value to candidates or officeholders beyond the limits established in this section. Individuals may donate their time as campaign volunteers without limit. "In-kind" contribution means goods or services provided to or by a person at no charge or for less than their fair market value.
- (g) An individual or entity cannot make a political contribution in cash exceeding fifty dollars (\$50.00) to a candidate ~~[or candidate committee]~~ for Mayor or City Council, or to a municipal officeholder, or to a specific-purpose political action committee formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a municipal candidate or officeholder, nor can any of these candidates, officeholders or specific-purpose political action committees accept political contributions in cash exceeding fifty dollars (\$50.00), from a single donor during a reporting period as defined in ~~[V.T.C.A., Election Code §253.033]~~ Election Code 254.063. This restriction includes tickets to fund-raising events.
- (h) A person may not knowingly make or authorize a political contribution or expenditure in the name of or on behalf of another, unless the person discloses in writing to the recipient the name and address of the person actually making the contribution in order for the recipient to make the proper disclosure.
- (i) A minor may make a contribution only if done so knowingly and voluntarily with funds, goods or services owned or controlled exclusively by the minor and not with proceeds of a gift where the purpose was to provide funds to be contributed. The minor shall submit a form with the contribution acknowledging his or her minor status and that his or her contribution complies with this provision.
- (j) A "coordinated campaign expenditure" shall be considered a contribution subject to the limits set forth within this section and subject to the disclosure requirements for campaign contributions made to a candidate for elected City office. As used in this subsection, the term "coordinated campaign expenditure" means a payment, other than a direct contribution, for an activity, service or product that contains express advocacy for the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate(s) for City office and is made in cooperation, consultation, or concert, with or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate(s) for City office or a candidate's representative, agent or employee.

Coordinated campaign expenditures shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- (1) Voter identification and/or get-out-the-vote activity on behalf of a specific candidate(s) for City office;
- (2) A public communication that refers to a clearly identified candidate(s) for City office and that promotes or supports a candidate(s) for that office, or attacks or opposes a candidate(s) for that office, or is suggestive of no plausible meaning other than an exhortation to vote for or against a specific candidate(s).

The following is not considered a coordinated campaign expenditure:

- (1) Direct monetary contributions made to a candidate for City office;
- (2) In-kind contributions made to a candidate for City office;
- (3) Payment by an individual or organization for the individual's or organization's overhead expenses including but not limited to rent, utilities, taxes, office supplies or salaries;
- (4) Volunteer (unpaid) activity(ies) on the part of the individual or members of the organization.

Sec. 2-303. Time limitation to accept ~~[donations]~~ contributions.

(a) A candidate for Mayor or City Council or specific-purpose political action committee registered with the City and formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for Mayor or City Council shall not accept nor deposit campaign contributions after midnight on the fourth calendar day before the general ~~[regular]~~, run-off, or special municipal election date.

~~[(b) During a run-off election, a candidate for Mayor or City Council or specific-purpose political action committee registered with the City and formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for Mayor or City Council shall not accept nor deposit campaign contributions after midnight on the fourth calendar day before the date of the run-off election.]~~

~~[(e) (b) Contributions received after the [deadlines] deadline set out in subsection [subsections] (a) above [and (b)] of this section or contributions not deposited by [these] the [deadlines] deadline may be deposited during the subsequent contribution cycle. Such contributions will be subject to limitations for the contribution cycle during which they are deposited.~~

Sec. 2-304. Limits on repayment of loans or reimbursements from political contributions.

(a) Loan limit for candidates for City Council. A candidate for City Council [may] shall not use political contributions in an aggregate amount of more than twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) during an election cycle to:

- (1) Repay a loan to his or her campaign account that the candidate has made from his or her personal assets;
- (2) Reimburse campaign expenditures made from personal funds; or
- (3) Repay a loan to the candidate or to any authorized committee of the candidate from any other person, persons, entity or entities.

The limit established by this section applies to the cumulative total from one (1) or all combined loans.

(b) Loan limit for candidates for Mayor. A candidate for Mayor **[may] shall** not use political contributions in an aggregate amount of more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) during an election cycle to:

- (1) Repay a loan to his or her campaign account that the candidate has made from his or her personal assets;
- (2) Reimburse campaign expenditures made from personal funds; or
- (3) Repay a loan to the candidate or to any authorized committee of the candidate from any other person, persons, entity or entities.

The limit established by this section applies to the cumulative total from one (1) or all combined loans.

(c) A candidate cannot accept a loan made in cash.

DIVISION 3. POLITICAL CONTRIBUTION AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNTS AND REPORTS

Sec. 2-305. Single account.

- (a) A candidate for Mayor or City Council or officeholder or specific-purpose political action committee registered with the City and formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for Mayor or City Council must deposit each and every political contribution into one (1) and only one (1) specified bank account. This single account must be used for all political contributions and expenditures pertaining to municipal office.
- (b) Persons with established campaign accounts before the date this code goes into effect can transfer funds into the new single campaign account.
- (c) At the time a candidate files the appointment of campaign treasurer pursuant to **[V.T.C.A.,]** Election Code § 252.001, the candidate shall declare the municipal office sought. If a candidate subsequently decides to seek a different office, the candidate shall file an amended appointment of campaign treasurer declaring the new office sought.
- (d) If a candidate who has filed a campaign treasurer appointment decides to seek a different office that would require the appointment to be filed with another authority, a copy of the appointment certified by the authority with whom it was originally filed must be filed with the other authority in addition to the new campaign treasurer appointment, in accordance with the requirements of **[V.T.C.A.,]** Election Code § 252.010.

(e) If, after declaring a candidacy for any elected office, the candidate subsequently declares his or her candidacy for any elected municipal office, he or she may maintain the same campaign finance account. However, if the candidate seeks a municipal office which is subject to lower campaign contribution limits than the previously sought office, the candidate shall return all contributions in excess of the limits for the municipal office sought.

(1) The transferor **[committee's] candidate's** available funds shall be viewed as those contributions most recently received that add up to the amount of cash on hand.

(2) Contributions transferred must be aggregated with any contributions made by the same donor to the **[committee] candidate/officeholder** receiving the transfer. Amounts that would cause a contributor to exceed his or her pre-election cycle contribution limit must be excluded from the transfer.

Sec. 2-306. Campaign bank account statements.

(a) A candidate for Mayor or City Council or the campaign treasurer, or specific-purpose political action committee registered with the City and formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for Mayor or City Council, must send a campaign account statement directly to the City Clerk once a month within five (5) business days of receiving the statement from the financial institution. The candidate may choose to direct the financial institution to send a copy of the statement directly to the City Clerk.

A candidate/officeholder will continue to provide bank account statements to the City Clerk until their Campaign Treasurer Appointment (CTA) is terminated.

(b) Knowingly failing to timely file the campaign account statement required by this section is a violation of this Municipal Campaign Finance Code.

(c) If an individual inadvertently fails to timely file a statement, it is his or her responsibility to file the statement as soon as possible, though no later than ten (10) business days after notification of or discovery of the error. A statement properly filed under this subsection (c) does not constitute a violation of this Code. ~~**[The Compliance Officer, will notify the Ethics Review Board of any statements filed under this subsection and all complaints filed regarding such statements by the next meeting of the Board].**~~

(d) The Office of the City Clerk shall serve as the official records repository for the municipal campaign finance authority.

Sec. 2-307. Electronic filing of campaign finance reports.

(a) Candidates for Mayor or City Council and officeholders will electronically file and update **campaign finance [contribution and expenditure]** reports required under the Texas Elections Code with the Office of the City Clerk. **The City Clerk shall notify**

candidates and officeholders of technical difficulties and permit paper filing, if necessary. No exemptions are required if the Clerk has provided notice to candidates and officeholders of technical difficulties.

~~[(b) [In general and runoff elections, candidates for Mayor or City Council or specific-purpose political action committee registered with the City of San Antonio and formed for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for Mayor or City Council, shall also electronically file an additional three-day campaign finance contributions report. This report is to be filed no later than midnight on the third calendar day preceding the general or run-off election day. This report is in addition to the reports required by the Texas Election Code. If this deadline falls on a weekend or on a City holiday, the report will be due no later than midnight on the next business day].~~

(b) In addition to the reports required by the Texas Election Code, candidates for Mayor or City Council or a specific-purpose political action committee registered with the City of San Antonio and formed for the purpose of supporting a candidate for Mayor or City Council shall electronically file additional quarterly campaign finance reports reflecting contributions and expenditures for the respective preceding three months due no later than 5:00 pm on the date listed below:

(1) During general election years, on the fifteenth day of October; and

(2) During non-election years, on the fifteenth of April and October; and

(3) For candidates in a special November election, on the fifteenth of April.

If this deadline falls on a weekend or a City holiday, the report will be due no later than 5:00 pm on the next business day.

(c) The City will provide access to computer equipment for candidates to file the electronic reports. A candidate, officeholder, or political **action** committee that is required to file electronic reports under this chapter may apply for an exemption if:

(1) The candidate, officeholder, or campaign treasurer of the committee files with the Office of the City Clerk an affidavit stating that the candidate, officeholder, or committee, an agent of the candidate, officeholder, or committee, or a person with whom the candidate, officeholder, or committee contracts does not use computer equipment to keep the current records of political contributions, political expenditures, or persons making political contributions to the candidate, officeholder, or committee; and

(2) The candidate, officeholder, or committee does not, in a calendar year, accept political contributions that in the aggregate exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000.00) or make political expenditures that in the aggregate exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000.00).

- (d) The City will post the ~~[contribution and expenditure]~~ campaign finance reports through a designated Elections Website.
- (e) Knowingly failing to timely file a report required by this section is a violation hereof, as is the knowingly filing of a report with incorrect, misleading, or incomplete information. If an individual inadvertently files an incorrect, misleading, or incomplete report, it is his or her responsibility to file an amended report as soon as possible, though no later than ten (10) business days after notification of or discovery of the error.
- (f) An amended campaign finance report, properly filed ~~[and verified by]~~ with the City Clerk ~~[as corrected]~~, does not constitute a violation of this Code. ~~[The Compliance Officer shall notify the Ethics Review Board of any amended reports or complaints filed regarding such reports by the next meeting of the Board].~~

DIVISION 4. POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEES

Sec. 2-308. Political action committees.

All political action committees (PACs) or groups spending money on municipal campaign activity or advertising associated with a City candidate or measure election, or specially designated City Council agenda item shall also, in addition to compliance with reporting requirements under the Texas Election Code, submit ~~[such]~~ campaign finance reports electronically with the City Clerk. Deadlines and contents of reports for political action committees required by the Texas Election Code shall be set in accordance with the Texas Election Code.

DIVISION 5. CITY CONTRACTORS AND ZONING APPLICANTS

Sec. 2-309. Contribution prohibitions.

- (a) When an individual or entity seeks to obtain a “high-profile” discretionary contract as designated by the City, the following individuals shall not make a political contribution to any Councilmember or candidate or political action committee that supports or opposes a City Councilmember or candidate ~~[from]~~ beginning on the tenth business day after the request for proposal (RFP) or request for qualifications (RFQ) or other solicitation is released, or for a contract for which no competitive solicitation has been issued by the City from the time the City begins negotiations or discussions, ~~[and ending on]~~ through the 30th calendar day following the approval by City Council ~~[contract award]~~:
- (1) Any individual seeking a high-profile contract;
 - (2) Any owner, ~~[or]~~ officer, officer of board, and executive committee member of an entity seeking a high-profile contract;
 - (3) The legal signatory of the high-profile contract;

- (4) Any attorney, lobbyist or consultant hired or retained to assist the individual or entity in seeking a high-profile contract;
- ~~[(5) The spouse of an individual listed in items (1) or (2) of this subsection]~~
(5) Subcontractors hired or retained to provide services under the high-profile contract; and
- (6) ~~[The spouse]~~ Any first-degree member of the household of ~~[an]~~ ~~[individual]~~ any person listed in (1), ~~[or]~~ (2), (3) or (5) of this subsection
- (b) Any legal signatory for a proposed “high-profile” contract must be identified within the response to a solicitation if the identity of the signatory will be different from the individual submitting the response. Where no competitive solicitation is being issued by the City, the legal signatory must be identified in writing at the time negotiations are initiated.
- (c) If any individual listed in subsection (a) has made a contribution in violation of this section, the City [may] [not] cannot award the contract to that person, or to the entity. City Council may void any contract awarded in violation of this provision. [Any contract awarded in violation of this provision shall be voidable at the discretion of the City Council.]
- (d) When an individual or entity applies for a zoning change, the following shall not make a political contribution to any councilmember or candidate or political action committee that supports or opposes a City Councilmember or candidate from the time the zoning application is submitted to the City until thirty (30) calendar days after final action on the application by the Zoning Commission or City Council:
- (1) Any individual applying for a zoning change;
 - (2) Any property owner, owner or officer of an entity applying for a zoning change; **or**
 - (3) The spouse of an individual listed in items (1) or (2) of this subsection
- (e) If any individual listed in subsection (d) of this section has made a contribution in violation of this section, the City [may] [not] cannot approve the requested change in the zoning district boundary. City Council may void any zoning district boundary change awarded in violation of this provision. [Any zoning change granted in violation of this provision shall be voidable at the discretion of the City Council].
- (f) In the event that a candidate or officeholder unknowingly accepts a contribution in contravention of the provisions of this section, then it shall be the duty of the candidate or officeholder to return the contribution within five (5) business days after he or she has received notification from City staff that a contribution in violation of this section has been discovered. Candidates and Councilmembers who return contributions within the five (5) business days cannot be held liable for violation of this section.

DIVISION 6. ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY AND SANCTIONS

Sec. 2-310. Ethics Review Board.

- (a) Municipal Campaign Finance Code Enforcement Authority. The Ethics Review Board, created pursuant to Article XIII of the City Charter, shall have authority to review reports required under this chapter and shall have the jurisdiction to investigate, make findings, issue rulings and assess sanctions concerning any alleged violation of this chapter, by any person subject to these provisions.
- (b) Municipal campaign finance advisory opinions issued by the Ethics Review Board.
- (1) By writing filed with the City Clerk, any officeholder or candidate for City Council, Mayor or officer of a political action committee registered with the City Clerk may request an advisory opinion with respect to the interpretation of the Municipal Campaign Finance Code, but only with respect to whether proposed action by that person would violate these regulations. The City Clerk shall promptly transmit all requests for advisory opinions to the Compliance ~~[Officer]~~ Auditor and the chair of the Ethics Review Board.
 - (2) Within fifteen (15) business days of receipt by the chair of the Ethics Review Board of a request for an advisory opinion, the Board, acting en banc or through a designated Ethics Panel, shall issue a written advisory opinion. During the preparation of the opinion, the Board may consult with the Compliance ~~[Officer]~~ Auditor ~~[of the City]~~ and other appropriate persons. An advisory opinion shall not reveal the name of the person who made the request, if that person requested anonymity, in which case the opinion shall be written in the form of a response to an anonymous, hypothetical fact situation.
 - (3) A copy of the opinion shall be indexed and kept by the ~~[Ethics Review Board]~~ City Clerk ~~[as part of its records]~~. In addition, copies of the opinion shall be forwarded by the chair of the Ethics Review Board, or the Compliance ~~[Officer]~~ Auditor, to the person who requested the opinion, and to the members of the Ethics Review Board. ~~[and to the City Clerk]~~ The City Clerk shall make the opinion available as a public record in accordance with the Local Government Records Act, and promptly post the opinion on the ~~[Internet via the]~~ City website [homepage].
- (c) Civil sanctions for violations of the Municipal Campaign Finance Code. The following civil sanctions may be imposed by the Ethics Review Board which finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the Municipal Campaign Finance Code has been violated:
- (1) Letter of notification. The Ethics Review Board may issue a letter of notification to any individual subject to the Municipal Campaign Finance Code where the Board finds that the violation was clearly unintentional or inadvertent. The letter must

advise the person to whom it is directed of any steps to be taken to avoid future violations;

- (2) Letter of admonition. The Ethics Review Board may issue a letter of admonition to any individual subject to the Municipal Campaign Finance Code where the Board finds that the violation was minor and/or may have been unintentional or inadvertent;
 - (3) Letter of reprimand. The Ethics Review Board may issue a letter of reprimand to any individual subject to the Municipal Campaign Finance Code where the Board finds that the violation was made intentionally or knowingly;
 - (4) Referral to ethics training. Upon finding of violation of the Municipal Campaign Finance Code, the Ethics Review Board may require any individual subject to the Municipal Campaign Finance Code to attend training on the Code;
 - (5) A fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00) where the Board finds that the violation was made intentionally or knowingly. Each day after any deadline for which any required statement has not been filed, or for which a statement on file is incorrect, misleading, or incomplete, constitutes a separate offense.
- (d) The rules and procedures set out in chapter 2, article III of the City Code (Ethics Code), sections 2-80 through 2-91 shall apply to the enforcement of this article (Municipal Campaign Finance Code), including:
- (1) Procedures for filing and responding to complaints of violations of the Municipal Campaign Finance Code;
 - (2) Disposition of complaints;
 - (3) The imposition or recommendation of sanctions;
 - (4) Extension of deadlines; and
 - (5) The timeliness of filings.

DIVISION 7. TERMINATION OF CAMPAIGN TREASURER APPOINTMENT

Sec. 2-311. Termination of campaign treasurer appointment by the City Council.

- (a) The City Council may terminate the campaign treasurer appointment of an inactive candidate or an inactive political **action** committee.
- (b) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, a candidate becomes “inactive” if the candidate files a campaign treasurer appointment with the City Clerk and more than one (1) year has lapsed since the candidate has filed any required campaign finance reports with the City Clerk.
- (c) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, a political **action** committee becomes “inactive” if the political **action** committee files a campaign treasurer appointment with

the City Clerk and more than one (1) year has lapsed since the campaign treasurer of the political **action** committee has filed any required campaign finance reports with the City Clerk.

Sec. 2-312. Notice of proposed termination of campaign treasurer appointment.

- (a) Before the City Council may consider termination of a campaign treasurer appointment under section 2-311 of the City Code, the City Clerk shall send written notice to the affected candidate or political **action** committee.
- (b) The written notice must be given at least fourteen (14) business days before the date of the meeting at which the City Council will consider the termination of a campaign treasurer appointment and must include:
 - (1) The date, time, and place of the City Council meeting;
 - (2) A statement of the City Council's intention to consider termination of the campaign treasurer;
 - (3) A reference to the particular sections of the statutes and rules that give the City Council the authority to consider the termination of a campaign treasurer appointment; and
 - (4) The effect of termination of a campaign treasurer appointment.

DIVISION 8. ELECTION AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE REGULATIONS TRAINING

Sec. 2-313. Training.

The Compliance Auditor and City Clerk shall provide training on the Municipal Campaign Finance Code, the municipal campaign finance electronic filing system and the City Ethics Code at least once six (6) months prior to each municipal election. The training shall be open to officeholders, candidates for office, their agents and interested members of the public.

DIVISION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 2-314. Effective date.

- (a) This article is effective August 15, 2004.
- (b) This article applies to a political contribution accepted or political expenditure made on or after the effective date.

- (c) A political contribution accepted or a political expenditure made before the effective date of this article is governed by law in effect on the date the contribution was accepted or the expenditure was made.
- (d) A political contribution may not be accepted after the effective date of this article if the contribution from that donor, together with all contributions from that donor accepted before the effective date of this article, would exceed the maximum contribution established by section 2-302.
- (e) A candidate or officeholder who has made a political expenditure from personal funds before the effective date of this article may reimburse his or her personal funds for that political expenditure from political contributions accepted before the effective date of this article.
- (f) A candidate or officeholder who has made a political expenditure from personal funds before the effective date of this article may reimburse his or her personal funds for that political expenditure from political contributions accepted after the effective date of this article in amount that in the aggregate does not exceed the limit imposed by section 2-304 of this article.

Secs. 2-315 – 2-500. Reserved.

Article VII (Municipal Campaign Finance Regulations) amended May 9, 2013 by Ordinance No. 2013-05-09-0317.