Vista Ridge Regional Water Supply Project

Robert R. Puente

President/CEO

City Council Briefing February 8, 2018





Endless Editorial Jokes and Lack of Confidence in Water Future



San Antonio Light, July 14, 1984



Federal and State Mandates

San Antonio Express-News

Serving South Texas since 1865

SATURDAY, August 24, 1996

Bunton orders pumping limits

City leaders react angrily, plan to file appeal Monday

BY KEN DILANIAN
EXPRESS NEWS STAFF WRITER

Flanked by local leaders at a gramatic City Hall news conference, Mayor Bill Thornton yowed Friday to appeal a federal judge's order that he decried as favoring animals over people.

"Today I think it's time we draw a line in the sand to right for consideration of humans and human rights," Thornton said. "Quite frankly, the court is jacking us around."

Thornton's sentiments were echoed by a variety of city officials who protested an order by Senior U.S. District Judge Lucius D. Bunton ill that may require San Antonians to stop watering their lawns in an effort to save five federally protected species at Comal and San Marcos springs.

After years of warnings, threats and voluntary plans, Bunton finally imposed a legally binding court order in response to allegations from the non-profit Sierra Club that San Antonio's Robards Aquifer water use is violating the Endangered Species Act.

Governments at all levels have failed to properly preserve the Edwards, Bunton wrote, and that failure is killing species in violation

■ See THORNTON/8A



Today I think it's time we draw a line in the sand to fight for consideration of humans and human rights. Quite frankly, the court is jacking us around.

- Mayor Bill Thornton

The Edwards Aquifer region has finally reached the point where the aquifer is unable to provide for the needs of all those who depend upon it during dry years.

- Senior U.S. District Judge Lucius D. Bunton III

- 99



SAWS chief foresees ban on lawn watering by Oct. 1

BY JERRY NEEDHAM

A federal judge ordered restrictions on pumping from the Edwards Aquifer by the city of San Antonio and other defendants Friday, in an endangered species lawsuit filed by the Sierra Club.

Mayor Bill Thornton and City Council members vowed an apneal

The order by Senior U.S. District Judge Lucius D Bunton III does not take effect until Oct. 1. Depending on how much rain falls by then, the San Antonio Water System and other large users of aquifer water could be limited to no



The water debate is about a lot more than blind critters. Carlos Guerra/18

more than 1.2 times their winter

Joe Aceves, SAWS president, said that to meet that limit, the city probably would have to ban any outdoor water use by residen

■ See FEDERAL/8A



Response to Legislative Pumping Limits



- Best in the nation Water Conservation Programs
- Largest Recycled Water System in the nation
- Developed Aquifer Storage & Recovery System now largest groundwater based ASR in the U.S.



Planned Projects Come Up Dry

Project Name	Year Planned	Planned Yield (AF)	Dollars Expended	Yield
Applewhite Reservoir I	1980s	48,000	\$40 M	0
Applewhite Reservoir II	1990s	60,000	φ 1 0 11	0
Simsboro Groundwater	1998	55,000	\$4 M	0
Lower Guadalupe Project	2001	94,500	\$6 M	0
LCRA – SAWS Water Project	2002	150,000	\$42 M	0

Political, Legal and Regulatory

























Successful Diversification

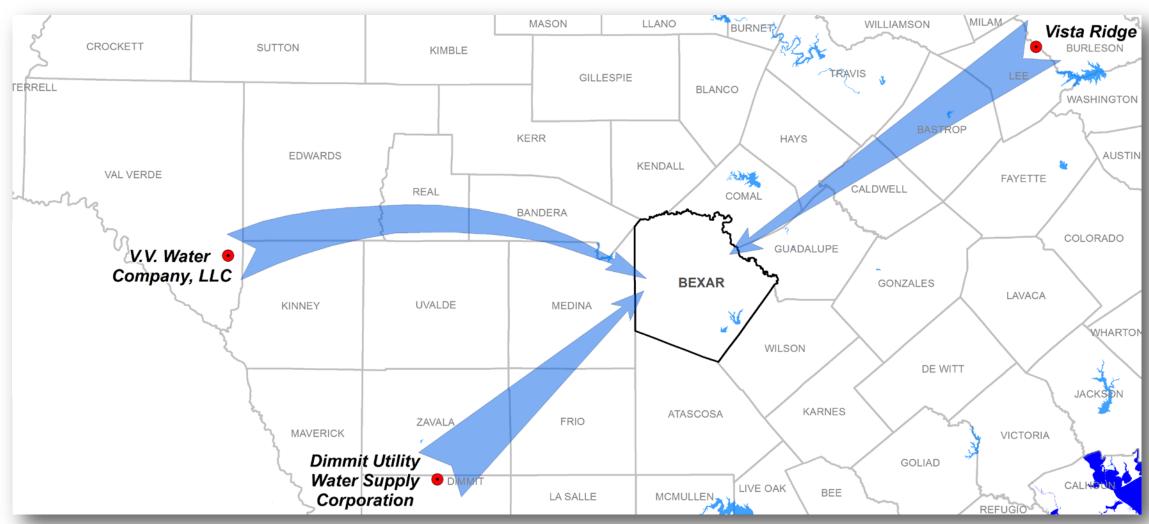
Project	Year Planned	Year Completed	Planned Yield (AF)	Yield
Regional Carrizo Project	2000	2013	56,000	11,687
Brackish Desalination Project	2004	2017	*29,000	13,000



* 2008 RW Beck projection



Securing Our Water Future with Vista Ridge



Risks and Delays

Project Development

- Interest Rates / Securing financing
- Financial timing and return on investment
- Permits
- Water Quality

Construction

- Right-Of-Way
- Endangered Species
- Shallow groundwater
- Availability of labor, equipment and supplies
- Pumps/Wells

Continuing Project Risks

- Production Permits and Transport Permits
- Regulatory efforts impacting production
- Hydrologic production of the Aquifer
- Water Quality compliance
- Infrastructure Debt



Consortium Partners:

ABENGOA



Technical Team Members:

R.W. Harden and Associates
Pape-Dawson Engineers
CP&Y
Garney Construction Company
The Terrill Firm
Freeman and Corbett
Weeks and Company



Fundamental Tenets of Project

- Shift Risk away from SAWS Customers
- Diversification from the Edwards Aquifer
- SAWS to Continue Nationwide Leadership in Conservation
- Respect Local Groundwater Management



Public-Private Partnership

- Publically negotiated P3 Contract signed November 2014
- 50,000 acre-feet Water Supply; SAWS only pays for water delivered
- 30 year term / additional second 30 year term
- Transfer of facilities: wells, pumps, pipeline, etc.
- Fixed price; No price increases



Contractual Protections

- SAWS negotiated the right to have approval of changes in majority partners
- Project continuity and successful SAWS track record
- Higher standards for materials, equipment, construction
- Operating Service Provider in 2018
 - RFQ issued
 - Subject to SAWS consent

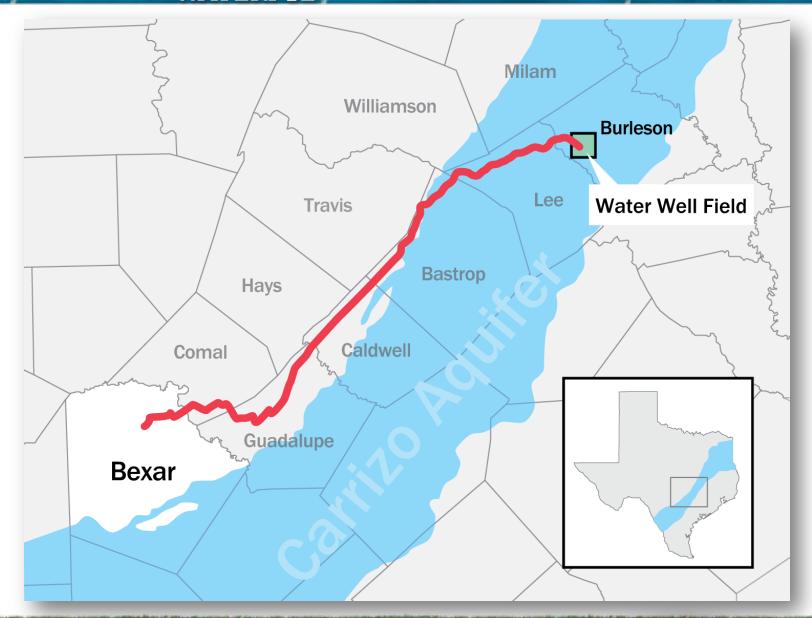


ADVANCING WATER



VR Infrastructure

- 19 Wells
- 142 Miles
- 3 Pump Stations
- 10 MG terminal storage
- \$927 M projected private investment





Project Timeline

Development < 30 months

Construction < 54 months

Operation 30 years

Project
Continues
30+ years

CommercialCloseNovember 2014

Financial Close
November 2016

Rate Lock (\$1,606/AF)
May 2016

Asset Transfer to SAWS — ~ 2050 — Water Delivery Begins

~ 2020

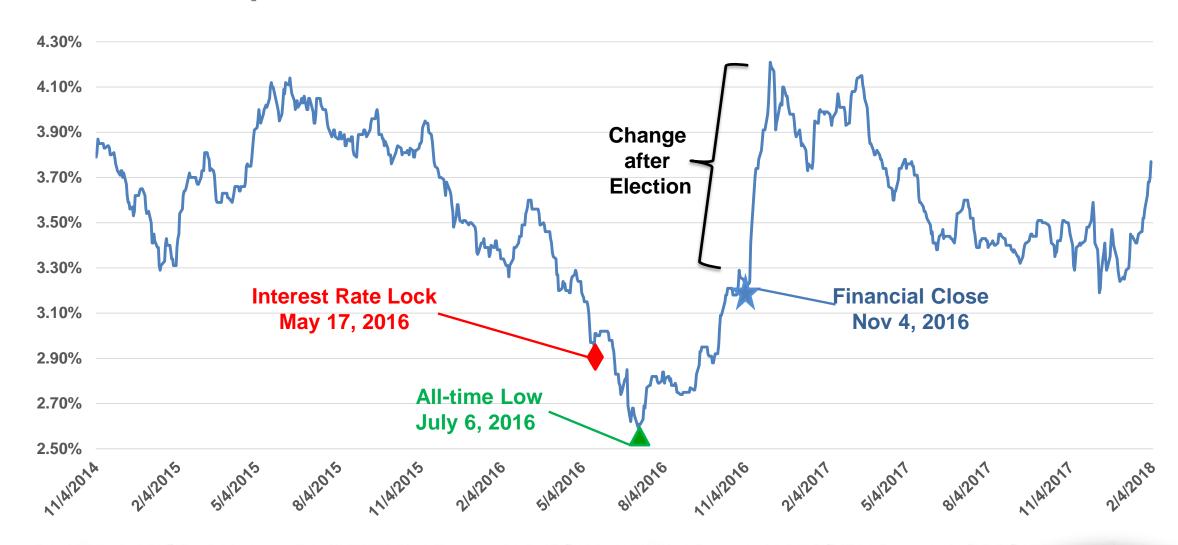
Debt Service
Drops Off
SAWS pays lower price

30 Year Fixed Price for Water & Infrastructure

Historically Low Interest Rates

- Negotiated ability to lock in Interest Rates
- Negotiated a cap in fixed cost at \$1,959 per acre-foot
- Final Cost \$1,606 per acre-foot fixed cost for 30 years
- Lower Rates saved SAWS customers \$529 M
- O&M and Electrical Costs separate subject to escalation

Tax-Exempt Interest Rate: Nov. 2014 – Dec. 2016





Vista Ridge Construction Progress

- Pipeline Installation
 Commenced in all 7 Counties
- Well Field Development Underway
- Facilities Under Construction







SAWS Contractual Responsibilities

- Purchase water delivered to San Antonio
- Establish electric power service
- Monitor project execution
- Integration infrastructure within San Antonio



Stone Oak **Terminus** Area **Bitters** Maltsberger Basin 281

Integration of Vista Ridge Water

- Treatment Facilities
- New Pump Station
- Ground Storage Tanks
- Valves, Pumps, Controls
- Pipelines rehab/replace

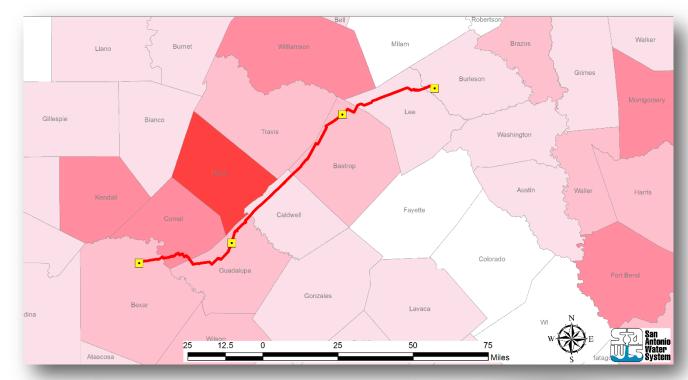




Potential Wholesale Water to a Growing Region

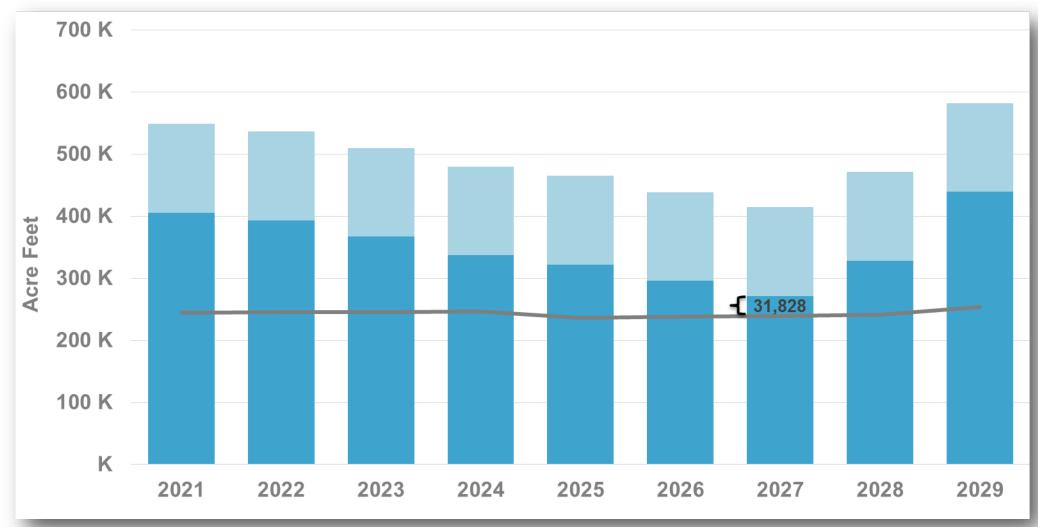
Regional Partnerships

- Assist regional communities with an additional source of supply
- Vista Ridge pipeline crosses multiple water service areas
- Cost Reduction benefits to SAWS customers





Total Supplies and Surplus - Drought Conditions





Major Policy Decisions

- Threshold To Sell or Not To Sell
- Length of Term
- Quantity of Water
- Share source water cutbacks
- Price
- SAWS Role in Growth



Benefits of Vista Ridge Project

- Tomorrow's water at today's fixed price
- Long-term water to sustain economy of one of U.S. fastest growing regions
- Transfer of regulatory and construction risks away from SAWS customers
- Environmental benefits relieve pressure on sensitive Edwards Aquifer
- Potential regional partnerships



North American Water Deal of the Year



Vista Ridge Regional Water Supply Project

Robert R. Puente

President/CEO

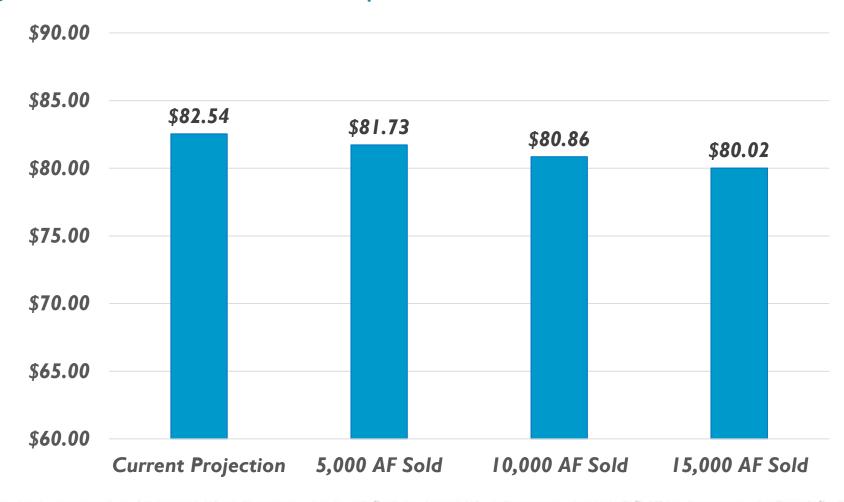
City Council Briefing February 8, 2018





Customer Savings from Wholesale

2021 Average Bill - Reductions from Proposed Rates

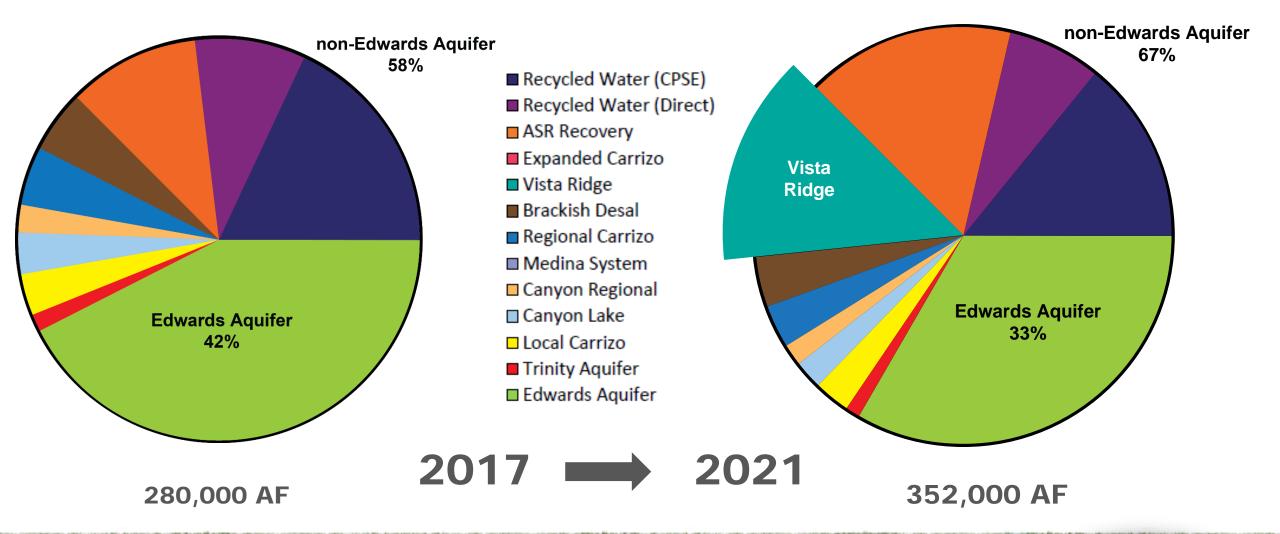




Groundwater District (GCD) Permitting

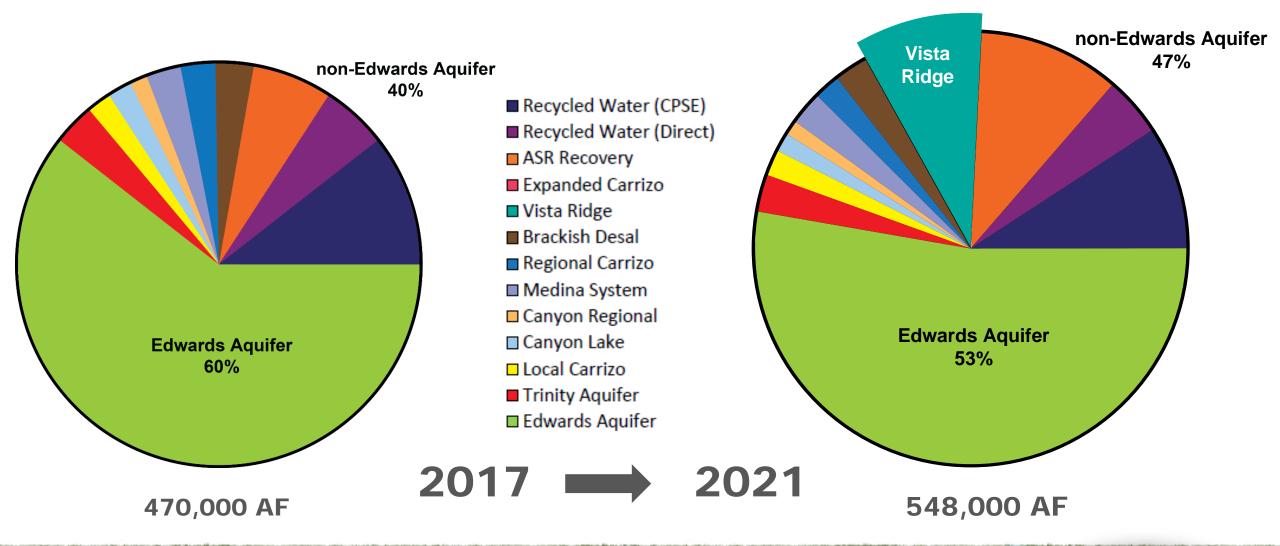
- Production Permits 40 years
 - 2044 with Automatic Renewals in Statute
- Transport Permit 30 years
 - 2034 Law unclear about renewals
 - GCD attorney advised that renewal is automatic
- Water Industry spearheaded legislative efforts
- SAWS negotiated contract protections
 - Financial water credits to SAWS if transport permit if not renewed by 2031

Supply Portfolio Diversification (drought year)





Supply Portfolio Diversification (average year)

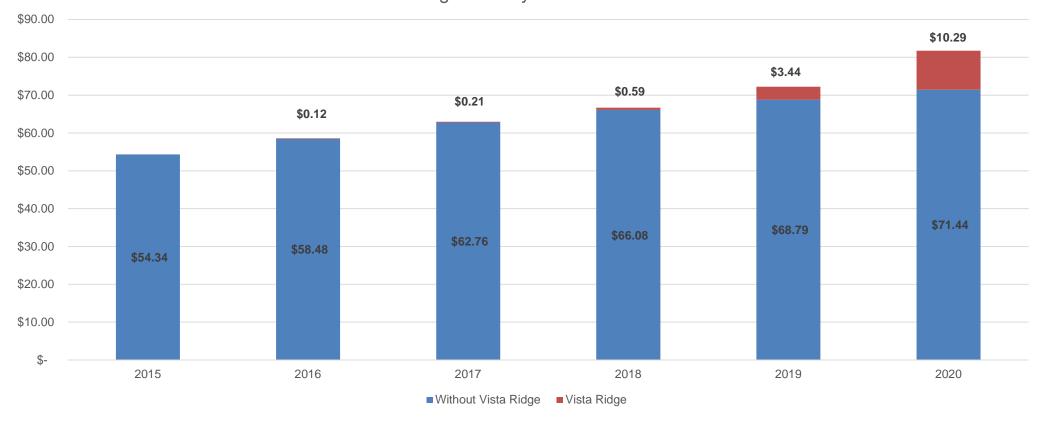




Impact of Vista Ridge - Original Projections

2020 Average Bill will be 14.4% higher with Vista Ridge

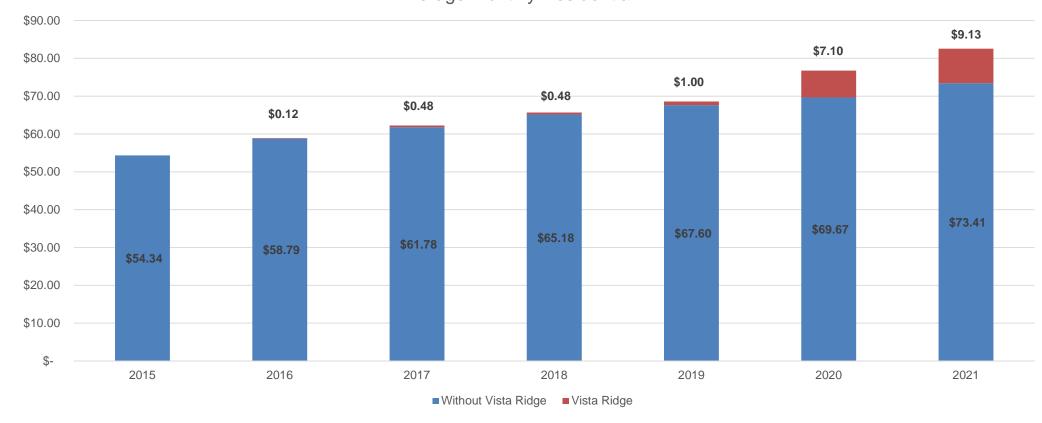
Average Monthly Residential Bill



Impact of Vista Ridge – Current Projections

2021 Average Bill will be 12.4% higher with Vista Ridge

Average Monthly Residential Bill



Termination Payment

- Post Financial Close SAWS can purchase the Project Assets and terminate the WTPA for its convenience
- Project Assets Purchase Price

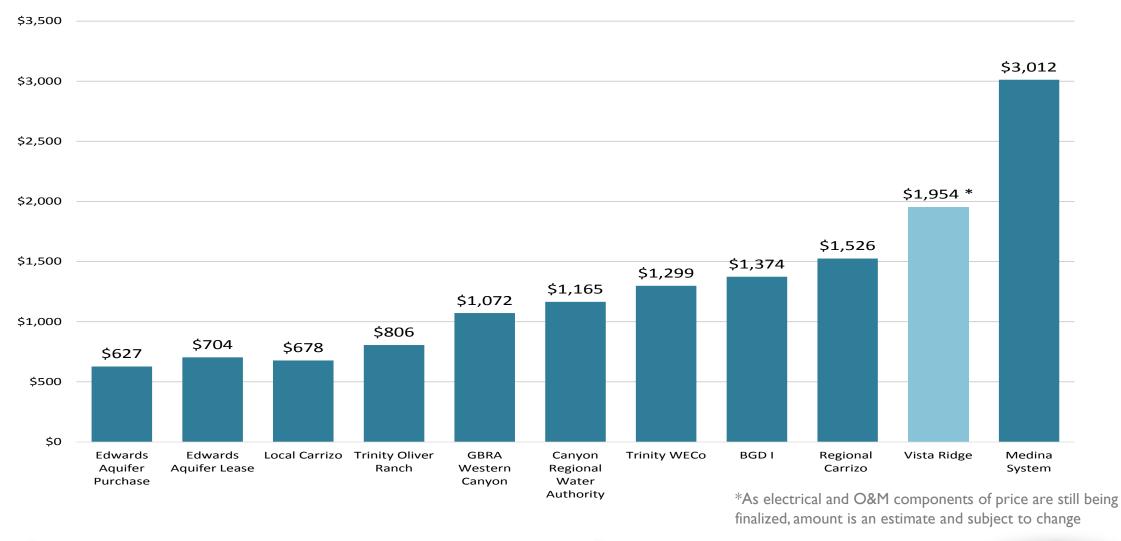
Description	Amount 12/31/2017		
Senior Debt Outstanding	\$481,548,927		
Swap Termination Fees	(\$39,463,050)		
Employee Payments	?		
Operating Service Provider Breakage Costs	N/A		
PV of Target Equity Return per Financial Model	\$98,273,853		
Approximate Total	\$540,359,730		



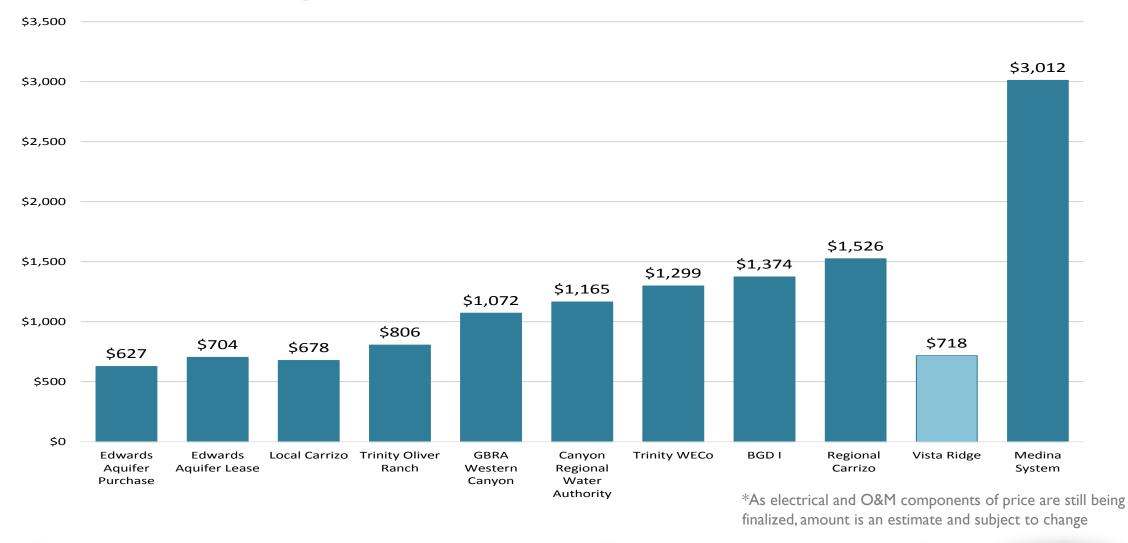
Pricing History

- 2012 Water Management Plan
 - RFCSP range between \$1,154 \$2,654 per acre-foot
- 10-2-12 RFCSP Board Update
 - \$2,530 per acre-foot
- 9-29-14 Board Approval of WTPA
 - Range between \$2,200 \$2,307 per acre-foot

Project Costs per Acre-Foot



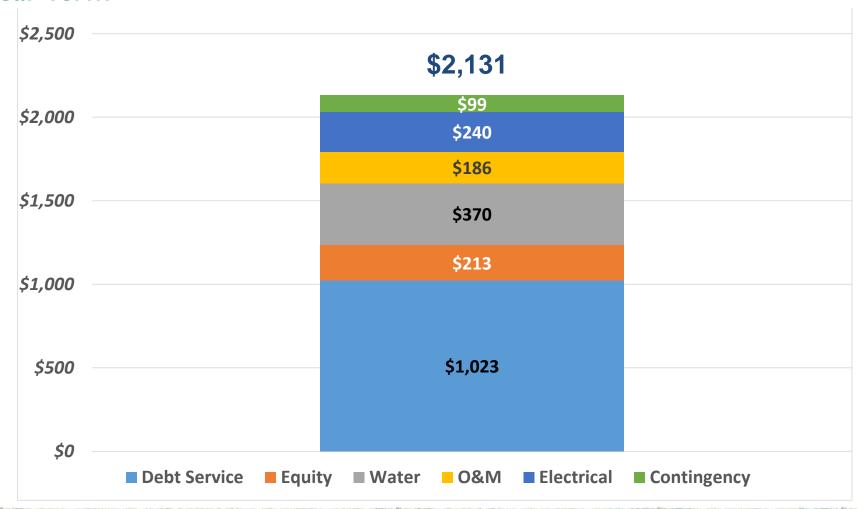
Project Costs per Acre-Foot





Vista Ridge Costs per Acre-Foot

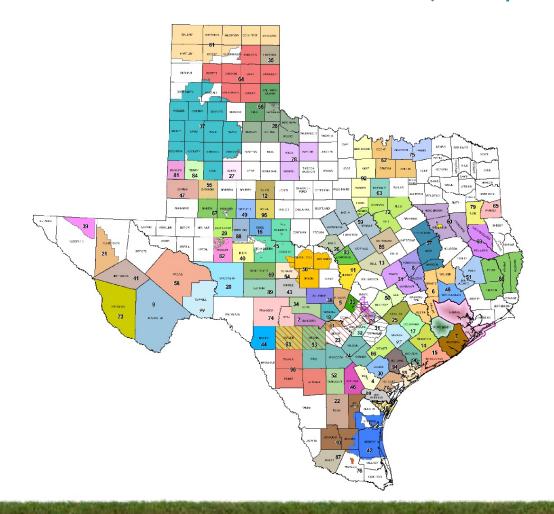
Initial 30 Year Term





Political, Legal and Regulatory

100 Groundwater Districts / 9 Major Aquifers



- County by County
- Can be more drought tolerant
- Permits generally I- 5 years
- GCD may reduce or eliminate production at any time
- Lack of Checks and Balances
- Lack of Certainty & Stability



Change in Direction Away from Proposals

- Feb. 2014 Recommendation to Reject all bids
 - Project finalists risks were too great
- Continued negotiations with Vista Ridge
- Vista Ridge agreed to take on risks and eliminate cost escalation proposal