The Status of Women



in San Antonio

The United Nations has designated gender equality as one of its 17 Sustainable Development Objectives: To create a more sustainable future, it is essential that women have the opportunity to achieve their full potential as active participants in their lives, those of their families, and their communities.

This brief report on the status of women in San Antonio is a derivation from a comprehensive full report that was commissioned by the City of San Antonio (Please see full report by Dr. Rogelio Sáenz and Lily Casura for a comprehensive account of data, methodology, and references)¹

This report provides an overview of the status of women according to four overarching categories: *i. Health and Well-being*

ii. Economic Opportunities iii. Political Participation iv. Violence and Safety

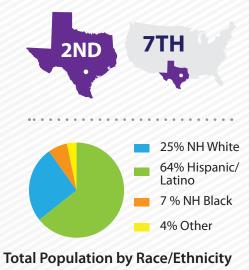
Demographics

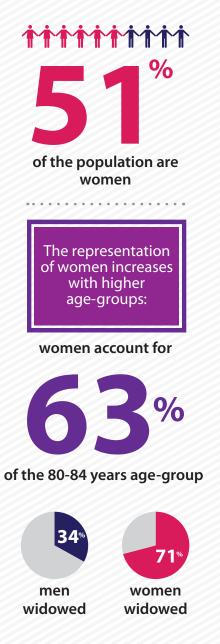
San Antonio is the 2nd largest city in Texas, and the 7th largest city in the United States.

SAN ANTONIO

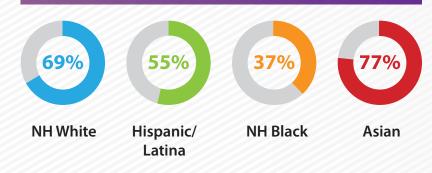
Largest City

in 2017





Percent of women 35-44 yrs old who are married (by race group)



NH= Non-Hispanic

7% of women who gave birth were under 20 years of age, a drop from 11% several years ago. This is comparable to data from Travis, Dallas, and Harris Counties.

According to the most recent data, 44% of women in Bexar County who gave birth were unmarried. This is comparable to Dallas County (46%) and Harris County (43%), but higher than in Travis County (33%). However there are differences by race/ethnicity – 62% of NH Black women who gave birth were unmarried.



Health & Well-being

Infant mortality rate and maternal mortality rate in Bexar County are higher than in Travis, Dallas, and Harris Counties.

Health Insurance Coverage

1 in 5 women do not have health insurance

2013 - 2017

Hispanic/Latina women (particularly foreign-born women) are most affected:

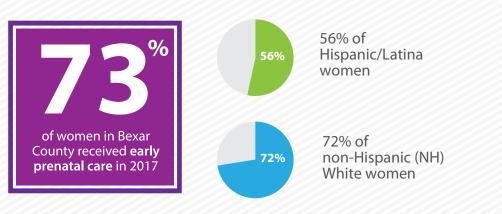
42%

have no insurance

"Environments characterized by lower levels of gender inequality where women thrive socially, economically, and politically tend to be associated with more favorable health conditions for women, along with more favorable birth outcomes." – Homan 2017

Maternal and Child Health

Race/ethnic disparities in percent of women who received early prenatal care:



	Bexar		Travis	Dallas	Harris
Maternal mortality rate (number of women dying due to childbirth	Ť		Ť	Ť	Ť
complications per, 100,000 births)	45.8	By mother's race* NH White:	39.6	45.5	40.5
Infant mortality rate		6.1 Hispanic/			
(number of babies not		Latina: 6.9			
reaching age 1, per 1,000 births)	6.4	NH Black: 9.7	3.8	5.8	6.0
	0.7		5.0	5.0	0.0

*Race-specific estimates are feto-infant mortality rates provided by the Texas Department of State Health Services.



Health & Well-being ...(continued)

Bexar County women are expected to live longer than men, and longer than women in Dallas and Harris Counties.

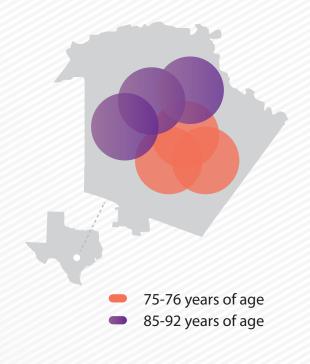
Life Expectancy

women

men

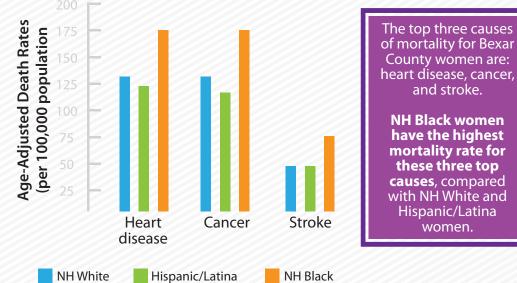
Women in the northern parts of the city are expected to live well into their 80s, while those surrounding the downtown area can expect to live to their 70s at most.

Life Expectancy among Bexar County women



Top Causes of Mortality

In general, women have lower overall mortality rates and cause-specific mortality rates than men, however one exception is that women have higher mortality rates due to Alzheimer's Disease, according to recent 2017 data.



"Because women represent the cornerstone of a family's overall health, we must do everything we can in San Antonio to ensure that women have access to quality care, as this will also lead to improved health for children and families."

- Dr. Erika Gonzalez, Chair of Mayor's Commission on the Status of Women



Health & Well-being ...(continued)

Drug-induced and accidental drug overdose death rates are lower in Bexar County than in Travis, Dallas, and Harris Counties.

Deaths of Despair

Death Rates per 100,000, 2013-2017	Bexar	₩ Travis	Dallas	👾 Harris		
Suicide	6.2	7.1	5.0	4.8		
Drug-induced	7.2	9.4	7.5	7.6		
Accidental drug overdose	5.5	6.6	5.8	6.5		
Alcohol-induced	4.7	4.3	4.1	3.4		
Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis	11.7	4.9	7.6	7.6		

"Deaths of Despair" are nationally on an upward trend, and include suicides, druginduced deaths, accidental drug overdose, alcoholinduced deaths, and chronic liver disease/cirrhosis. More women in Bexar County are dying from **chronic liver disease/cirrhosis**, compared to other major counties.

What is the City of San Antonio doing to increase Health & Wellbeing for women?

Women's health is a top priority for the San Antonio Metropolitan Health District (Metro Health), and a wide array of programs and services are provided to improve the health and well-being of women.

• The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women Infants and Children (WIC): provides food benefits, nutrition education, and health care referrals, among other services.

• The San Antonio Lactation Support Center: provides no-cost breastfeeding support services and counseling.

• **The Healthy Start Program:** provides community education, home visitation, and resources for healthy pregnancies.

• The Healthy Beats Program: provides coordinated prenatal care and referral services to at-risk pregnant women, along with STD testing and treatment, throughout the course of women's pregnancy.



Economic Opportunities

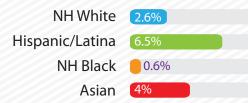
Women have closed the gender gap for completion of a Bachelor's Degree or higher, but they are still under-represented in degrees in the STEM field.

A

Hispanic/Latina young girls are **less likely** to go to Pre-K.

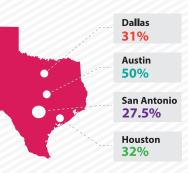
High-school Dropout Percentages

Pre-Kindergarten Schooling



Bachelor's Degree

The percent of San Antonio women with a bachelor's degree or higher rose from 22% in 2005 to 27.5% in 2017, now giving women a 2% edge over men. However, this is still notably lower in comparison to other major counties.



Women 16-24 yrs. old

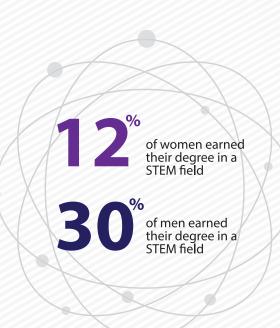
in the San Antonio area are less likely

to be high school

to men.

dropouts compared

STEM Field



Percentage of women who earned their degree in STEM field compared to men who did so.

"Investing in women and girls is important because the benefits flow not only to them but to everyone around them. An educated woman is able to fully participate in the labor market, which helps boost economic productivity and leads to greater wealth for the entire community." - Councilwoman Shirley Gonzales, D5

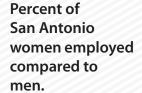


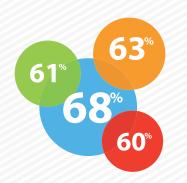
Economic Opportunities ...(continued)

Despite educational increases, the proportion of San Antonio's women in the workforce remains virtually unchanged over the last 12 years.

Work & Employment







to be employed, by race/ ethnicity NH White Hispanic/Latina NH Black Asian

Percent of women likely

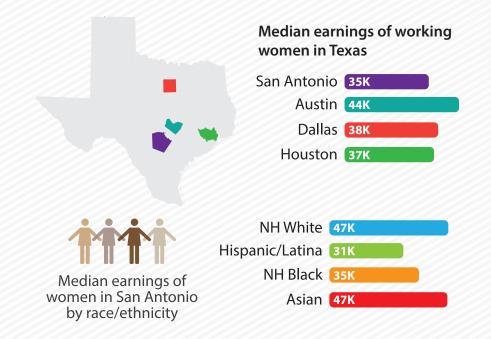
Business Entrepreneurship

Women own **30%** of businesses in San Antonio, and NH-White women are the most likely to have their business incorporated.



Earnings Gap

Women's median earnings as a percent of men's median earnings rose from 77% in 2005 to 82% in 2017, however this increase is attributed to men losing ground in their wages after adjusting for inflation.



In San Antonio, the median earnings of both men and women rise with level of education. **However, at each educational level, median earnings of men are higher than women**. For example, among the most educated workers: women make only 72 cents for every \$1 men make.

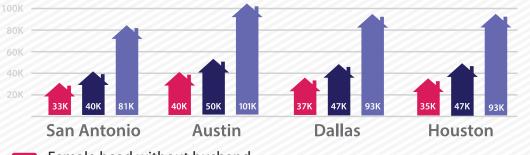




Over the past decade, women in San Antonio on average had 40% higher poverty rates than men.

Household Income

Median household income comparing major metropolitan areas



Female head without husband

- Male head without wife
- Married-couple

Poverty & the Working Poor

Approximately 8% of women in San Antonio are also considered "working poor" – they are gainfully employed full-time and yet fall below the poverty level (poverty level for a family of 4 = \$25,750). NH Black and Hispanic/ Latina women are twice as likely to be working poor compared to NH White women.

What is the City of San Antonio doing to increase economic opportunities for women?

• The **Economic Development Department's (EDD) Workforce Division** focuses on educational and skills training, and funds multiple delegate agencies to provide support services such as transportation and child-care. The EDD's Small Business Office also offers the **Small Business Economic Development Advocacy (SBEDA) Program**, which promotes the use of local small, minority, and women-owned businesses by placing incentives on City solicitations to encourage their participation.

• The Human Resources (HR) Department has programs specifically focused on women in the workplace, including tailored outreach plans to recruit female candidates for leadership and non-traditional roles.

• The City has also launched the **Women's Leadership Mentoring Program** to offer one-on-one mentorship with City Executives that are women.

• The Women's Chamber of Commerce and the National Association of Women Business Owners are also organizations in San Antonio that serve 53,000+ women business owners.

• Former San Antonio Mayor Julián Castro established the **Pre-K 4 SA Program** to enhance the early development of fouryear old children, accompanied by an approved sales-tax increase to provide stable funding.

Home Ownership

59% of NH White single women householders in San Antonio are home owners, compared to 36% of NH Black single women householders.



Political Participation

44% of committee members across the 81 San Antonio boards and commissions are women.

0

1

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Civic Engagement

TOP 10 Boards & Commissions with Women Representation		#	%
Mayor's Commission on the Status of Women	100	11	0
San Antonio Public Library Board of Trustees	91	10	9
Community Action Advisory Board	90	9	10
San Antonio Youth Commission	82	18	18
ax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 15 - North East Crossing	80	4	20
Head Start Policy Council	78	7	22
Animal Care Services Advisory Board (ACS)	73	8	27
SA2020 Commission on Education	73	8	27
San Antonio Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Commission	69	22	31
Affirmative Action Advisory Committee	67	8	33
TOP 10 Boards & Commissions with Men Representation		#	%
Bexar Metro 9-1-1	0	0	100
Fire and Police Pension Fund	0	0	100
Fire and Police Pre-Funded Health Care Trust Fund	0	0	100
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 10 - Stablewood Farms	0	0	100
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 19 - Hallie Heights	0	0	100
Watershed Improvement Advisory Committee (WIAC)	0	0	100
Building-related and Fire Codes Appeals and Advisory Board		1	97
Building Standards Board (BSB)	7	1	93
Transportation Advisory Board	10	1	90
Conservation Advisory Board	11	1	89
Source: City of San Antonio Boards and Commissions			

"The equal participation of women in politics and government is essential to building strong communities. We need women's voices in shaping laws and policies so that they better reflect women's interests and needs, as well as the interests and needs of their families. By running for office or engaging in civic activities, women's voices as leaders and activists will be heard." - Councilwoman Rebecca Viagran, D3

Elected Political Representation



- Current women City Council Members
- San Antonio 30% Austin 70% Dallas 21% Houston 31%

What is the City of San Antonio doing to increase political participation for women?

The Government & Public Affairs (GPA)

Department and the **Office of Equity** are working hard to develop a system whereby a more complete representation of citizens is achieved, including that of women. There is continued dialogue between the Office of Equity and other City departments on how to best increase equity.

• **The SASpeakUp Initiative** was launched in order to increase civic engagement and public participation from all sectors of the population, including minorities, under-represented individuals, and women.

v.) Violence and Safety

Women are more likely to be killed in Bexar County than in Travis, Dallas, and Harris Counties.

Rape

In 2014, **San Antonio had the highest rape rate** (75.4 per 100,000 population) compared to other major cities such as Austin (63.2 per 100,000 population), Dallas (61.1 per 100,000), and Houston (36.6 per 100,000).

Homicide

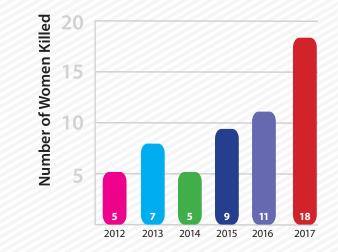
The homicide rate of women in Bexar County **doubled** between 2015 and 2017.

Research shows that the level of gender inequality in a state is associated with a greater prevalence of intimate partner violence.



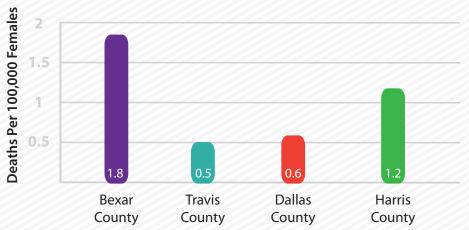
Murder of Women by Male Intimate Partners

The number of women murdered by a male intimate partner has been steadily increasing year-by-year in Bexar County, more than **tripling** between 2012 and 2017:



Bexar County has the highest murder rate of women,

compared to Travis County, Dallas County, and Harris County:





Violence and Safety ...(continued)

"Domestic violence and sexual assault deprive women and girls of their ability to live with dignity. In extreme cases, it robs women of their liberty and ability to pursue happiness. Unfortunately, this violence is far too common. San Antonio should be a place of safety and opportunity for all residents—including women and girls. I'm proud City Council is driving resources and policy to protect women and girls so they may live life to the fullest."

- Councilwoman Ana Sandoval, D7

What is the City of San Antonio doing to address violence and safety for women?

• The San Antonio Metropolitan Health District has implemented the **evidence-based Cure Violence Health Model** through their **Stand Up S.A. Program** in order to address violence as an issue in SA, and recognizes well that women are particularly susceptible to being victims of violence. The program has actively worked with mothers of gun violence victims.

The Department of Human Services (DHS) has helped revitalize the **Bexar County Domestic Violence Task Force** and has created an inventory of services geared towards domestic/intimate partner violence. It also provides continued support for agencies such as the **Battered Woman's Shelter** and **Child Safe** to expand their services.

References and Data Sources

1 This brief report (prepared by Jesus Fonseca & Dr. Golareh Agha), as well as the full Report on the Status of Women in San Antonio (by Dr. Rogelio Sáenz and Lily Casura) are available at: **SanAntonio.gov/Health/News/Reports**. Please see the full report for a comprehensive account of data, methodology, and references.

The Status of of Women in San Antonio