HISTORIC AND DESIGN REVIEW COMMISSION

October 02, 2019

HDRC CASE NO: 2019-567

ADDRESS: 301 W MAGNOLIA AVE

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: NCB 2952 BLK 1 LOT 19, 20, 21, 22, & E 38 FT OF 18

ZONING: MF-33 **CITY COUNCIL DIST.:** 1

DISTRICT: Monte Vista Historic District **APPLICANT:** Office of Historic Preservation

OWNER: Magnolia Vertical LTD

TYPE OF WORK: Recommendation to the Building Standards Board

APPLICATION RECEIVED: September 20, 2019 **60-DAY REVIEW:** November 19, 2019 **CASE MANAGER:** Katie Totman

REQUEST:

The Office of Historic Preservation is requesting a recommendation to the Building Standards Board (BSB) for the repair of building 1 located at 301 W Magnolia.

APPLICABLE CITATIONS:

UDC Section 35-614 Demolition.

Demolition of a historic landmark constitutes an irreplaceable loss to the quality and character of the City of San Antonio. Accordingly, these procedures provide criteria to prevent unnecessary damage to the quality and character of the city's historic districts and character while, at the same time, balancing these interests against the property rights of landowners. (a) Applicability. The provisions of this section apply to any application for demolition of a historic landmark (including those previously designated as historic exceptional or historic significant) or a historic district.

(3)Property Located in Historic District and Contributing to District Although Not Designated a Landmark. No certificate shall be issued for property located in a historic district and contributing to the district although not designated a landmark unless the applicant demonstrates clear and convincing evidence supporting an unreasonable economic hardship on the applicant if the application for a certificate is disapproved. When an applicant fails to prove unreasonable economic hardship in such cases, the applicant may provide additional information regarding loss of significance as provided is subsection (c)(3) in order to receive a certificate for demolition of the property.

Sec. 35-615. - Prevention of Demolition by Neglect.

(a) Applicability. In keeping with the city's minimum housing standards, the owner, or other person having legal custody and control of a designated historic landmark or structure in a local historic district shall preserve the historic landmark or structure against decay and deterioration and shall keep it free from any of the following defects: (1) Parts which are improperly or inadequately attached so that they may fall and injure persons or property; (2) Deteriorated or inadequate foundation; (3) Defective or deteriorated floor supports or floor supports that are insufficient to carry the loads imposed safely; (4) Walls, partitions, or other vertical supports that split, lean, list, or buckle due to defect or deterioration or are insufficient to carry the loads imposed safely; (5) Ceilings, roofs, ceiling or roof supports, or other horizontal members which sag, split, or buckle due to defect or deterioration or are insufficient to support the loads imposed safely; (6) Fireplaces and chimneys which list, bulge, or settle due to defect or deterioration or are of insufficient size or strength to carry the loads imposed safely; (7) Deteriorated, crumbling, or loose exterior stucco or mortar, rock, brick, or siding; (8) Broken, missing, or rotted roofing materials or roof components, window glass, sashes, or frames, or exterior doors or door frames; or (9) Any fault, defect, or condition in the structure which renders it Structurally unsafe or not properly watertight.

(b)Compliance. The owner or other person having legal custody and control of a designated historic landmark or structure in a local historic district shall, in keeping with the city's minimum housing standards, repair the landmark or structure if it is found to have any of the defects listed in subsection (a) of this section. In addition, the owner or other person having

legal custody and control of a historic landmark or a building, object, site, or structure located in a historic district shall keep all property, including vacant property, clear of all weeds, fallen trees or limbs, debris, abandoned vehicles, and all other refuse as specified under the city's minimum housing codes and ordinances.

(c)Enforcement.

- (1) The historic preservation officer and the historic and design review commission are authorized to work with a property owner to encourage maintenance and stabilization of the structure and identify resources available before taking enforcement action under this section.
- (2)The historic and design review commission, on its own initiative, or the historic preservation officer may file a petition with code compliance requesting that the city proceed under the public safety and housing ordinance to require correction of defects or repairs to any structure covered by subsection (a) above so that such structure shall be preserved and protected in accordance with the purposes of this article and the public safety and housing ordinance.

(3)Penalties.

- (i)A person may not violate a requirement of this article. Pursuant to Section 214.0015 (Additional Authority Regarding Substandard Buildings) of the Texas Local Government Code, a person who violates a requirement of this article commits a civil offense, and is civilly liable to the City of San Antonio in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) per day for each violation or an amount not to exceed ten dollars (\$10.00) per day for each violation if the property is the owner's lawful homestead. The City of San Antonio may by order assess and recover any such civil penalties against a property owner at the time of an administrative hearing regarding the violations provided the property owner was notified of the requirements of the ordinance and the owner's need to comply with the requirements and, after notification, the property owner committed an act in violation of the ordinance or failed to take an action necessary for compliance with the ordinance. The city clerk shall file with the district clerk of Bexar County a certified copy of any order issued under this subsection stating the amount and duration of the penalty. Any monies collected shall be deposited into an account as directed by the historic preservation officer for the benefit, rehabilitation or acquisition of local historic resources.
- (ii)A person who violates this article commits an offense. An offense under this article is a class C misdemeanor punishable as provided in the municipal ordinances of San Antonio.
- (iii)An action to enforce the requirements of this article may include injunctive relief and may be joined with enforcement of all applicable city codes. (iv)If any building, object, site or structure covered by this subdivision shall have to be demolished as a public safety hazard and the owner thereof shall have received two (2) or more notices from the director of code compliance of building neglect in violation of this and other city ordinances, no application for a permit for a project on the property may be considered for a period of five (5) years from the date of demolition of the structure. Additionally, no permit for a curb cut needed for the operation of surface parking lot shall be granted by a city office during this period, nor shall a parking lot for vehicles be operated whether for remuneration or not on the site for a period of five (5) years from and after the date of such demolition.

Historic Design Guidelines, Chapter 2, Exterior Maintenance and Alterations

1. Materials: Woodwork

A. MAINTENANCE (PRESERVATION)

- i. *Inspections*—Conduct semi-annual inspections of all exterior wood elements to verify condition and determine maintenance needs.
- ii. *Cleaning*—Clean exterior surfaces annually with mild household cleaners and water. Avoid using high pressure power washing and any abrasive cleaning or striping methods that can damage the historic wood siding and detailing.

 iii. *Paint preparation*—Remove peeling, flaking, or failing paint surfaces from historic woodwork using the gentlest means possible to protect the integrity of the historic wood surface. Acceptable methods for paint removal include scraping and sanding, thermal removal, and when necessary, mild chemical strippers. Sand blasting and water blasting should never be used to remove paint from any surface. Sand only to the next sound level of paint, not all the way to the wood, and address any moisture and deterioration issues before repainting.
- iv. *Repainting*—Paint once the surface is clean and dry using a paint type that will adhere to the surface properly. See General Paint Type Recommendations in Preservation Brief #10 listed under Additional Resources for more information. v. *Repair*—Repair deteriorated areas or refasten loose elements with an exterior wood filler, epoxy, or glue.

B. ALTERATIONS (REHABILITATION, RESTORATION, AND RECONSTRUCTION)

- i. *Façade materials*—Avoid removing materials that are in good condition or that can be repaired in place. Consider exposing original wood siding if it is currently covered with vinyl or aluminum siding, stucco, or other materials that have not achieved historic significance.
- ii. *Materials*—Use in-kind materials when possible or materials similar in size, scale, and character when exterior woodwork is beyond repair. Ensure replacement siding is installed to match the original pattern, including exposures. Do not introduce modern materials that can accelerate and hide deterioration of historic materials. Hardiboard and other cementitious materials are not recommended.
- iii. *Replacement elements*—Replace wood elements in-kind as a replacement for existing wood siding, matching in profile, dimensions, material, and finish, when beyond repair.
- 6. Architectural Features: Doors, Windows, and Screens

A. MAINTENANCE (PRESERVATION)

- i. *Openings*—Preserve existing window and door openings. Avoid enlarging or diminishing to fit stock sizes or air conditioning units. Avoid filling in historic door or window openings. Avoid creating new primary entrances or window openings on the primary façade or where visible from the public right-of-way.
- ii. *Doors*—Preserve historic doors including hardware, fanlights, sidelights, pilasters, and entablatures.
- iii. *Windows*—Preserve historic windows. When glass is broken, the color and clarity of replacement glass should match the original historic glass.
- iv. Screens and shutters—Preserve historic window screens and shutters.
- v. *Storm windows*—Install full-view storm windows on the interior of windows for improved energy efficiency. Storm window may be installed on the exterior so long as the visual impact is minimal and original architectural details are not obscured.

B. ALTERATIONS (REHABILITATION, RESTORATION, AND RECONSTRUCTION)

- i. *Doors*—Replace doors, hardware, fanlight, sidelights, pilasters, and entablatures in-kind when possible and when deteriorated beyond repair. When in-kind replacement is not feasible, ensure features match the size, material, and profile of the historic element.
- ii. *New entrances*—Ensure that new entrances, when necessary to comply with other regulations, are compatible in size, scale, shape, proportion, material, and massing with historic entrances.
- iii. Glazed area—Avoid installing interior floors or suspended ceilings that block the glazed area of historic windows.
- iv. *Window design*—Install new windows to match the historic or existing windows in terms of size, type, configuration, material, form, appearance, and detail when original windows are deteriorated beyond repair.
- v. *Muntins*—Use the exterior muntin pattern, profile, and size appropriate for the historic building when replacement windows are necessary. Do not use internal muntins sandwiched between layers of glass.
- vi. *Replacement glass*—Use clear glass when replacement glass is necessary. Do not use tinted glass, reflective glass, opaque glass, and other non-traditional glass types unless it was used historically. When established by the architectural style of the building, patterned, leaded, or colored glass can be used.
- vii. *Non-historic windows*—Replace non-historic incompatible windows with windows that are typical of the architectural style of the building.
- viii. Security bars—Install security bars only on the interior of windows and doors.
- ix. *Screens*—Utilize wood screen window frames matching in profile, size, and design of those historically found when the existing screens are deteriorated beyond repair. Ensure that the tint of replacement screens closely matches the original screens or those used historically.
- x. *Shutters*—Incorporate shutters only where they existed historically and where appropriate to the architectural style of the house. Shutters should match the height and width of the opening and be mounted to be operational or appear to be operational. Do not mount shutters directly onto any historic wall material.

FINDINGS:

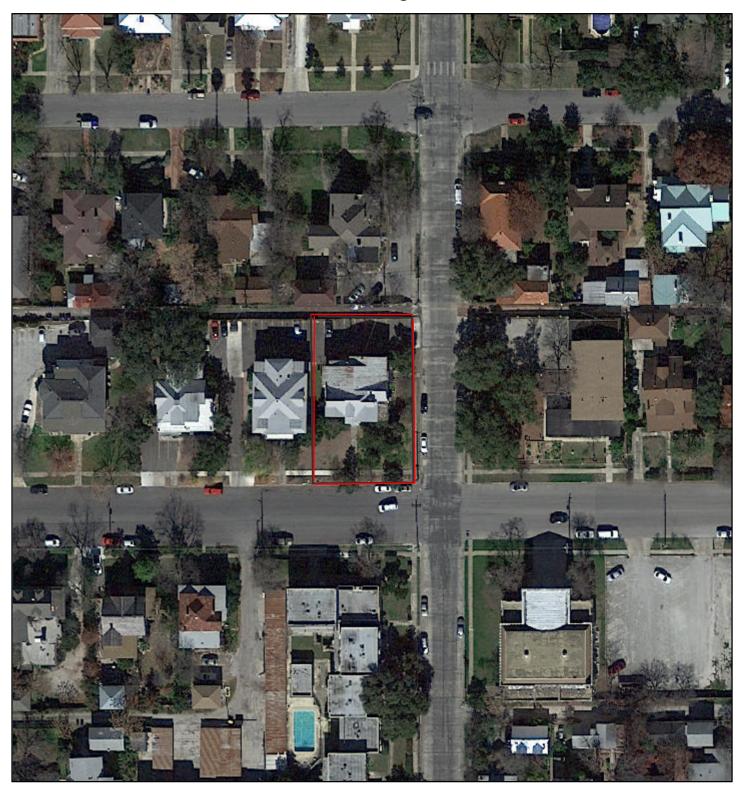
a. The primary structure located at 301 W Magnolia is a contributing property within the Monte Vista Historic District. It is a 2-story residential structure constructed ca. 1905 and features elements of Greek Revival architecture such as an entry porch with a triangular pediment and symmetrical front gables. The home features

- wood-lap and wood shingle siding, a cross gabled roof with two dormers, decorative wood scalloped siding in the gables, one over one double hung and casement wood windows, and an inset front porch.
- b. The City's Code Enforcement Division has inspected the property and determined it to be eligible for repair. The Historic Design Guidelines for Exterior Maintenance and Alterations note that historic exterior elements should be preserved where they remain or replaced or reconstructed in-kind. When new materials are needed, they should match the existing materials in color, configuration, durability, and texture. The repair and replacement of wood siding, wood trim, wooden porch elements, and roofing elements is eligible for administrative approval. The repair and reconstruction of original wood windows is also eligible for administrative approval.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends repair of the existing historic structure based on findings a and b. The Certificate of Appropriateness for repair of this structure is eligible for administrative approval.

301 W Magnolia



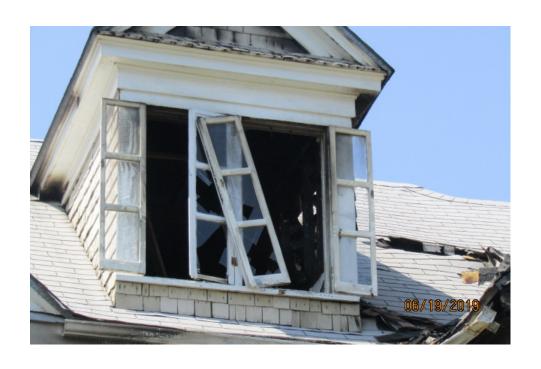


301 W Magnolia Ave #23234628





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Home SAPMC Cases D	Pangerous Structures Abatement Appeals Zonin	g Run Reports	Search Admin	
	Building Standards Board - Structural Co	ondition		
Select Date: 9/19/2019 10:21:51 AM	M Type: Commercial - Main Structure ✓ New	Update	Reset	Back to DF
				Print
Structural Type: O Residential O Com	mercial			
Occupied: O Yes No	Main Structure		Zoning: MF33	
occupied. O les © No	William Structure & Accessory		Zoning. ivii oo	
Check all that apply:				
Roof:				
Type: Gable	Covering:	Asphalt shingle		
	_			
☐ Roof sagging ☑ Roof holes/ collapsed	Roof structure dilapidated	☑ Roof Sheathing rotted/damaged		
Ridge-board missing/damaged	☐ Missing flashing☐ Roof covering missing/damaged	☐ Overhang deteriorated/rotted☐ Roof trusses rotted/damaged		
Rafters rotted/damaged	☐ Missing purlins/brace/collar ties	☐ Unable to access		
☐ Ceiling joist rotted/damaged	☐ Engineers letter required	☐ Fire Damage		
Frame: Woodframe				
✓ Exterior Inspection	✓ Interior Inspection	✓ Floors		
☑ Fire damage walls	☐ Ceiling not at required height	☐ Floor trusses rotted/damaged		
☐ Siding damaged/deteriorated	☐ Ceiling severely deflected	✓ Floor has holes		
☑ Windows damaged/broken	✓ Sheetrock damaged/missing	☐ Floor joists rotten/damaged		
☐ Brick veneer damaged	☐ Studs rotted/leaning	✓ Floor cove	✓ Floor covering damaged	
☐ Stucco veneer damaged	☐ Headers missing	☐ Floors uneven/unsafe		
☐ Chimney/Towers damaged/listing			☐ Inadequate means of Egress	
Structure is listing Bottom plated rotted/damaged Lack of Weather Protection Interior walls vandalized		✓ Fire Damage-Floors		
Lack of Weather Protection				
Foundation: Post and beam				
☑ Post and Beam	☐ Slab on Grade	☐ Engineers letter required		
Posts leaning	☐ Sill beams rotted/damaged	☐ Floor joists rotten/damaged		
☐ Posts rotted/cracked	\square Sill beams on grade	\square Floor joist not bearing correctly		
☐ Needs leveling	☐ Sill not bearing on support	☐ Unable to inspect		
☐ Needs extensive repairs	☐ Slab on grade-cracks	☐ Fire Damage		
☐ No foundation				
Miscellaneous:				
Front/rear porch damaged	☐ Front/rear rotted/damaged/detaching	☐ Missing/damaged handrails		
Door rotted/damaged	☐ Missing smoke detectors	☐ Missing/damaged guardrails		
☐ Electrical system hazards	Exposed wires	☐ Unsafe equipment ☐ No electrical services		
☐ Illegal installation-Electrical/Plumbing ☐ Plumbing system hazards	☐ Broken devices/fixtures	☐ No electrical services ☐ Unlawful structure		
☐ Plumbing system hazards ☐ Insufficient receptacles/lighting outlets ☐ Deteriorated/damaged pipes		□ No water service		
☐ Water meter tampered	☐ Gas leak	□ 140 Matel 261 NC6		
	Building Standards Board - Code Defintio	ns 6-156		
	- -			
1. A door, aisle, passageway, stairway or oth	ner means of exit is not sufficient width size or not so arranged	l as to provide safe and adequ	ato means of evit in case of	fnanic

Code and Chapter:	6-157
Recommendation:	Repair: Bldg 1
☐ 18. The building or	r structure is secured by a means inadequate to prevent unauthorized entry or use in the manner described in condition subsection (17) above.
	structure, is unoccupied by its owner, lessee, or other invitees and is unsecured from unauthorized entry to the extent that it could be entered or used by vited persons as a place of harborage or could be entered by children.
partial demolition by t	e building or structure has remained for a period of time on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure, and was not approved for he BSB or the department of building inspections in its permitting process.
5	structure is in such a condition as to constitute a public nuisance known to the common law or in equity jurisprudence.
wiring, gas connection	structure, because of obsolescence, dilapidated condition, deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction, faulty electric is, or heating apparatus, or other mechanical, structural, or social cause, has been determined by the fire chief to be a fire hazard.
air, or sanitation facilit	structure is used for dwelling purposes, because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction, arrangement, inadequate light, ies, is determined by the health director to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation, or in such a condition that is likely to cause sickness or disease.
poses a threat or pote	structure had been contracted, exists or is maintained in violation of the city's minimum housing standards or technical building codes to the extent violation ntial threat to life, health, safety or property.
vagrants or criminals.	structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake or flood, or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated or neglected as to become a harbor for
percent damage or de	structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows thirty-three (33) percent or more damage or deterioration of its supporting member or members, or fifty (50) terioration of its nonsupporting members, or fifty (50) percent damage or deterioration of enclosing or outisde walls or coverings.
9. The exterior wall middle one third of th	ls or other vertical structural members list, lean, or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fail inside the e base.
☑ 8. The building or :	structure, or a portion thereof, is manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.
	structure, or any portion thereof, because of: (i) dilapidation, deterioration, or decay; (ii) faulty construction; (iii) the removal, movement, or instability of any necessary to support such building; (iv) the deterioration, decay, or inadequacy of its foundation; or (v) any other cause, is likely to partially or completely
in place so as to be ca	uilding, any member, appurtenance, or ornamentation on the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored, attached or fastene pable of resisting a wind pressure of one half of that specified in the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose, or location without g stresses permitted in the Building Code for such buildings.
☑ 5. A portion, meml property.	per of appurtenance of the structure/building is likely to fall, or to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and thereby injure persons or damage
	structure/building has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood, or by any other cause, to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof is was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum requirements of the Building Code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.

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Notification to Historic Preservation Office

The property located at <u>301 W Magnolia Ave</u> is being prepared for a hearing before the Building Standards Board. The conditions of this property identified by the Development Services Department necessitating this hearing are listed in the attached report. Refer to action #23284628.

listed	in the attached report. Refer to action #23	3284628.					
The su	bject building/structure for the hearing is	the:					
\boxtimes	Building 1 of 3			Main Structure			
	Accessory Structure Location on property:		\boxtimes	Other Structure, specifically: BLDG 1			
	A SEPARATE SUBMITTAL IS	REQUIRED	FOR E	ACH PROBLEM STRUCTURE			
Please	contact Dangerous Premises Officer Man	rvin Lee 373-8	3900 if 1	nore information is required.			
Your r	response advising the Building Standards (30) thirty days of receipt of this notice.	Board of any	signific	ance of this structure is requested to be returned			
Submitted on 9/19/19. Michael Shannon, PE, CBO Director of Development Services Departme							
	STATEMENT FROM	1 HISTORIC	PRES	ERVATION OFFICE			
	istoric Preservation Office hereby advises ng/structure has been assessed as:	s the Building	Standar	ds Board that the above referenced			
	A Local Landmark / Ordinance #						
	Located Within a Local Historic District Monte Vista Contributing/Significance Non-Contributing						
	National Register of Historic Places District or Individual Listing: Select Name						
	Potentially Eligible for Individual Landmark (Historic) Designation due to Historical, Cultural, Architectural, or Archaeological Significance						
	Eligible as a Contributing Structure in a Potential Historic District.						
	Not Eligible for Individual Landmark (Historic) Designation but Potentially Significant to the Neighborhood or Area as Part of the Overall Historic Fabric.						
\boxtimes	Requiring a Historic and Design Review Commission Hearing						
	Not Eligible for Historic Designation		L	171.			
Return	ed on Thursday, September 19, 2019.	h		n Shea Miller, HPO			