# City of San Antonio SACLIMATE READY Joint Advisory Committee Orientation



November 17, 2020 6-8:30 PM Webex

# Welcome! ft. Councilwoman Sandoval





## **Staff & Facilitator Intros**

### **Office of Sustainability Staff**

#### Douglas Melnick (he/him)

Chief Sustainability Officer Douglas.Melnick@sanantonio.gov

#### Julia Murphy (she/her)

Deputy Chief Sustainability Officer Julia.Murphy@sanantonio.gov

#### Minerva Defee (she/her)

Climate Program Manager Minerva.Defee@sanantonio.gov

### **Facilitators**

#### Nicholas Burgett (he/him)

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**Guadalupe González (she/her)** 

Chief Executive Officer, The Thrive Advisory LLC Lupita@TheThriveAdvisory.com



# Agenda

ITEM	MINUTES
Welcome & Staff/Facilitator Intros	5
Land Acknowledgement	2
Public Comment	10
Introductions (Name, Pronouns, Committee, Organization)	25
Meeting Norms and Expectations	20
1. Meeting protocol	
2. Committee roles and responsibilities	
3. Committee coordination	
CAAP and Equity Overview	10
Break	5
CAAP Overview	20
1. What is it?	
2. OS FY21 Work Plan & American Cities Climate Challenge (ACCC)	
3. Overview on CAAP Communications and Engagement Scope of Work	
Reflection Exercise	30
Next Steps	15
1. Meeting schedule	
2. Equity Trainings	
Total Time	142



## Land Acknowledgement

We acknowledge with respect that the land we are on is the traditional and ancestral homeland of the Coahuiltecan, Tonkawa, and Jumanos peoples and all other tribes not explicitly stated.



San Antonio River

Phil Hardberger Park

# **Public Comment**





### Introductions

Please state your:

Name\*

Preferred Pronouns (i.e. she/her, he/him, they/them)\* Committee (Climate Equity or Technical and Community) Organization or Expertise

Please update your display name with preferred name and pronouns by next meeting. Instructions will be provided closer to the next meeting date.





## **Meeting Norms**

- 1. Stay Engaged stay present and pay attention even when you are shutting down
- 2. Speak Your Truth speak truths about our experiences
- **3.** No Fixing it's important that we let each person in the room experience their own discomfort and not fix it for them
- **4. Experience Discomfort** "Learn to become comfortable with the discomfort"
- 5. Take Risks the more you are willing to risk, the more potential you have to learn
- 6. Listen for Understanding try and understand where another person is coming from but be careful not to compare your experiences with another person's
- Expect and Accept Non-Closure these are process conversations where greater awareness leads to future changes



# **Committee Roles and Coordination**

### **Climate Equity Advisory Committee**

- 10 at-large representatives from community-based organizations and other key stakeholders representing the interests of lowincome populations, communities of color, and marginalized populations, and the Chair or Vice-Chair of the Technical and Community Advisory Committee.
- Mission: provide input on the implementation of the CAAP to ensure an equity-centered approach and equitable outcomes.

### **Technical & Community Advisory Committee**

- 17 at-large members, 5 organizational members, 1 research collaborator, and the Chair/Vice-Chair of the Climate Equity Committee.
- The Committee is designed to provide expertise, diverse perspectives, and input regarding implementation of the CAAP as the City works to achieve greenhouse gas reduction and adaptation goals.
- Mission: Advise City staff and City Council on the advancement and equity-centered implementation of the SA Climate Ready Plan, as well as related long-term sustainability plans, such as the SA Tomorrow Sustainability Plan.

### **Committee Coordination**

- Cross-serving committee members
- Annual joint planning meetings
- Development of combined annual reports



# **Advisory Committee Member Expectations**

- Attend and actively participate in quarterly 2 hour-long meetings.
- Attend annual joint CAAP advisory committee retreat.
- Participate in Equity training.
- Prepare for the quarterly meetings by reviewing the meeting agenda and completing pre-meeting homework.
- Alert Office of Sustainability Staff of conflicts to participation.
- Assist with community and stakeholder engagement.
- Work towards successful outcomes.





# **Disproportionate Impacts of Climate Change**

Most vulnerable Hottest areas Lowest area population of our city of tree canopy Social Vunerability Index (SVI) Urban Heat Island Effect (UHI) 20 °C (-68 °F) **Urban Heat Island** Social Vulnerability Index Social Vulnerability Index (SVI) Effect (UHI) (SVI) with Tree Canopy

The Social Vulnerability Index (SVI) helps identify communities that are most likely to need support before, during, and after a hazardous event or natural disaster, such as people who live in poverty, are chronically ill, disabled, over 65 or under 5 years old.



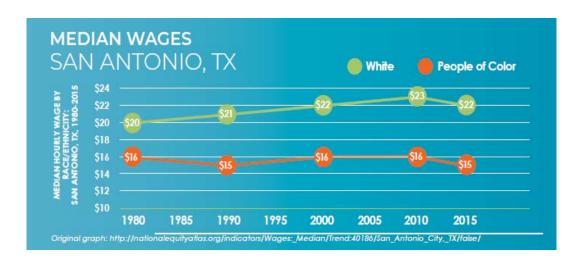
# **Climate Equity**

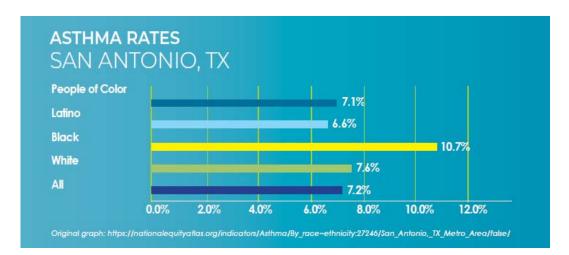
**Equity** – Policy-making, service delivery, and distribution of resources account for the different histories, challenges, and needs of the people we serve.

<u>Climate Equity</u> – Ensures that communities burdened the most by climate change, that contribute the least to climate change, and those most socially vulnerable play a central role in the just transformation of the systems.

Intentional policies and projects must:

- 1. Actively seek, include, and prioritize direction from these communities.
- 2. Prioritize benefits to these communities.
- 3. Reduce existing burdens and bar additional burdens to these communities.







# **Climate Equity Screening Tool**

#### 1. Access and Accessibility

Increased access to jobs, housing, transportation, funding, education, healthy foods, and clean air

#### 2. Affordability

Lower / more predictable costs related to basic living needs (e.g. housing, food, utilities, healthcare, transportation, etc.) for marginalized communities

#### **3. Cultural Preservation**

Respecting and honoring cultural relevance & history

#### 4. Health

Increased health (physical and mental) for vulnerable communities

#### 5. Safety and Security

Mitigation of potential threats as well as access to critical lifelines. when (or before) threats are experienced

#### **IMPLEMENTING CLIMATE EQUITY:** SCREENING TOOL

NOTE: This tool requires additional evaluation, refinement, and testing to ensure effectiveness.

STRATEGY/PROGRAM TO BE EVALUATED:

#### THEME 1: ACCESS AND ACCESSIBILITY

Desired Outcome: Results in increased access to jobs, housing, transportation, funding, education, healthy foods, and clean air for vulnerable populations.

SAMPLE SUPPLEMENTAL QUESTIONS	IMPACT Does it have the ability to positively/ negatively impact or have no impact on the desired outcome? Include explanation.	RECOMMENDATIONS
Could this expand access to healthy/clean transport systems, such as walking paths, bike routes, and public transit?		
Could this increase amenities and walkability in traditionally underserved geographies/neighborhoods?		
Could this reduce food insecurity in low-income areas by increasing access to healthy, local food sources?		
Could this increase access to information around climate, i.e. impacts, benefits, and programs?		
Could this increase access to quality parks/greenspaces in the most vulnerable communities?		
Could this increase opportunities for living wage jobs in the same zip code as people live?		
Will this offer workforce or support training programs?		
Other considerations?		
SUMMARY:		

#### THEME 2: AFFORDABILITY

Desired Outcome: Results in lower / more predictable costs related to basic living needs (housing, food, utilities, healthcare, transportation, etc.) for vulnerable populations.

SAMPLE SUPPLEMENTAL QUESTIONS	IMPACT Does it have the ability to positively/ negatively impact or have no impact on the desired outcome? Include explanation.	RECOMMENDATIONS
Could this reduce the number of families that are cost burdened by housing + transportation (defined as spending more than 33% of income on H+T)?		
Could this limit displacement of residents and small businesses when surrounding property values rise?		
Could this increase energy price stability?		
Could this reduce barriers to homeownership?		
Does this offer inclusive financing strategies that prioritize the most income-burdened populations?		
Could this increase quality affordable (below 60% AMI) housing stock?		
Other considerations?		
SUMMARY:		

# 5 Min. Break

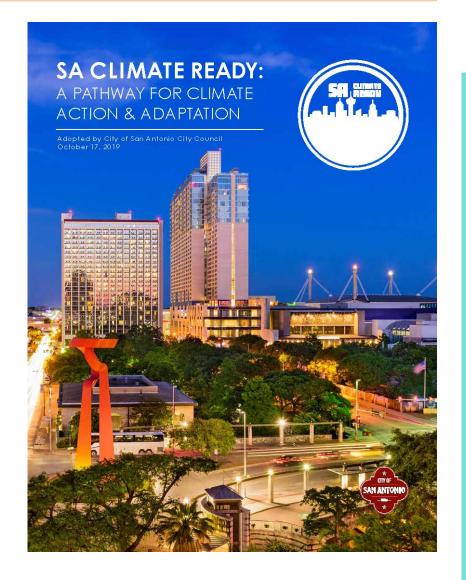




### SA Climate Ready: A Pathway for Climate Action & Adaptation

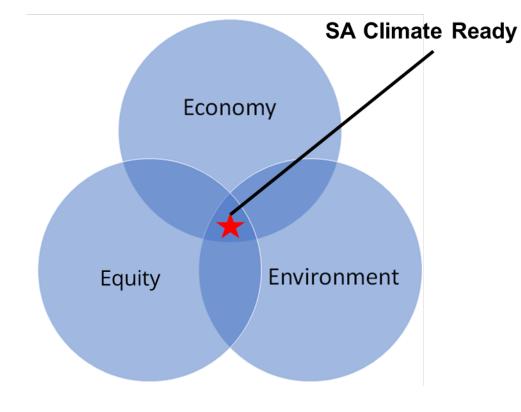
- SA Tomorrow Sustainability Plan— a roadmap for enhancing our community's quality of life and overall resilience while balancing the impact of our expected growth.
- Paris Climate Agreement on June 22, 2017 City Council passed a Resolution supporting the Paris Climate Agreement with goals to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and prepare for climate change.
- Marginal Non-Attainment in 2018, the EPA designated the city to be in marginal non-attainment for ground-level ozone.
- **CAAP** adopted on October 17, 2019.

### Goals: Net Carbon Neutrality by 2050 & Adapt to Climate Impacts





### **SA Climate Ready and Current Council Priorities**



# Climate action reinforces San Antonio's current response to the overlapping threats from:

- Covid-19
- Economic recession
- Systemic racism

#### SA Climate Ready focuses on:

- Reducing emissions and improving air quality and public health outcomes
- Reducing unnecessary energy consumption, lowering energy bills and saving money for residents, businesses and institutions
- Promoting equity and environmental and climate justice
- Increasing economic competitiveness and access to green job opportunities
- Building community resilience



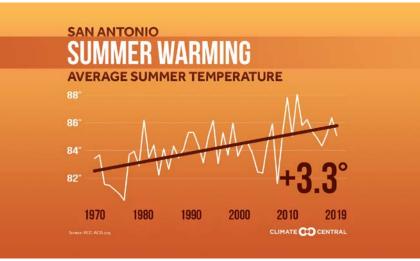
### **Current Status of Climate Change**



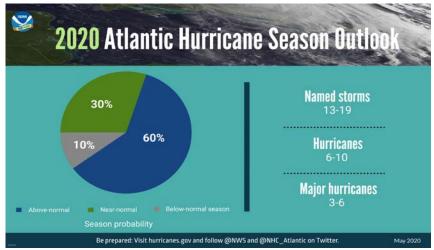
KSAT.com/weather



A screenshot of the PurpleAir map on September 11, 2020 shows the impact of wildfire smoke in California, Oregon and Washington. Courtesy of PurpleAir.



https://medialibrary.climatecentral.org/resources/2020-summer-package



https://www.noaa.gov/media-release/busy-atlantic-hurricane-season-predicted-for-2020



## **Climate Projections, End of Century**

	Low Emissions Pathway	High Emissions Pathway	
Summer Maximum Temperature	+ 6° F	+ 10° F	
Hot Days (Maximum Temperature >100° F)	+ 48 days	+ 94 days	
Warm Nights (Minimum Temperature >80° F)	+ 10 nights	+ 55 nights	
Annual Precipitation	- 3 inches	- 4 inches	
+ Increased risk of extreme precipitation and flooding			





# The Cost of Doing Nothing

- 1. Increased Health Risks from Heat Exposure The death rate for elderly populations with chronic health conditions could increase from 9% to 20%.
- 2. Ozone and Human Health Exposure to ground-level ozone poses significant threats to human health including premature death, aggravated asthma, and respiratory hospital admissions. Marginal nonattainment of ozone levels, result in 19 additional deaths annually.
- **3.** Increased Wildfires Rising temperatures and more sporadic precipitation are expected to increase the wildfire risk and duration of the fire season. In total, homes in areas of high and medium risk represent an estimated \$16.6B of property value.
- 4. Impact on Infrastructure Projected climate impacts to infrastructure are among the highest of all regions. Increases in electricity costs to meet projected increases in demand are high, rising from \$0.57 billion per year in 2050 to \$1.7 billion per year by 2090 under high emissions scenarios.
- 5. Impact on Financial Markets Many entities including the Federal Reserve, Moody's, S&P, U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission have produced reports stating that "climate change poses a major risk to the stability of the U.S. Financial system and the ability to sustain the American economy."





### **Greenhouse Gas Inventory**

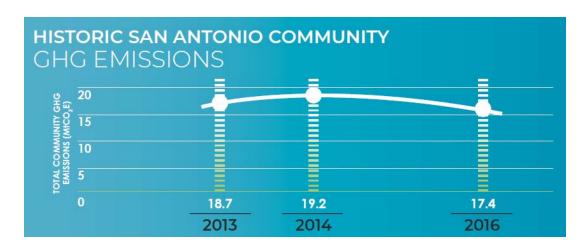
Industrial Process

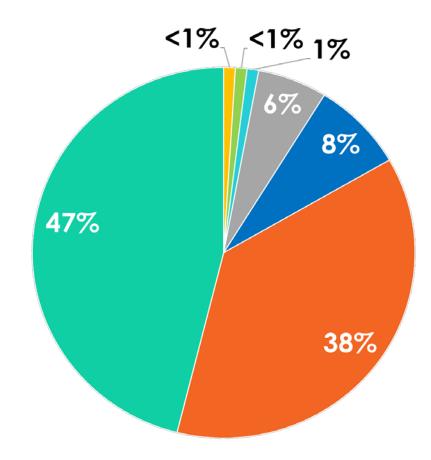
Transportation

**Building** 

Energy

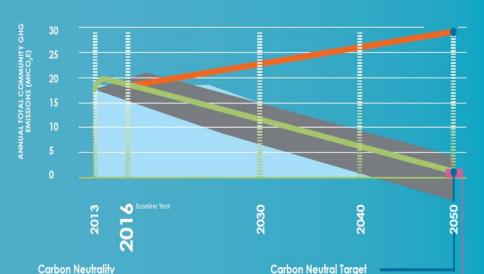








### **Greenhouse Gas Reduction Pathway**



San Antonio's path to carbon neutrality will require the exploration of negative emissions solutions, such as carb sequestration, as called out in the mitigation strategies. Detailed estimates for the potential of these solutions will develop or interpoliced best eractions are totad. Carbon Neutral Target San Antonio's carbon neutral target reflects a 88% reduction in emissions by 2050 as compared to a 2016 baseline, and reflects the total GHG reduction potential of the CAAP miligation measures (outside of carbon sequestration).

#### Business as Usual Minimum Path to Carbon Neutrality IPCC-Referenced 1.5°C Global Pathway

Net Community Emissions

INTERIM GHG REDUCTION TARGETS	2030	2040	2050
Total Emissions: percent reduction over 2016 GHG emissions	41%	71%	100%
INTERIM GHG REDUCTION TARGETS	2030	2040	
Stationary emissions	41%	74%	
Transportation emissions	47%	75%	
Solid waste emissions	32%	54%	
Water supply emissions	<1%	<1%	
Industrial process emissions	23%	56%	

In 2018 the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPPC) released the "Special Report: Global Warming of 1.5°C" that states "For reduction pathways that are technically feasible currently, i.e. include no or limited overshoot of 1.5°C, "global anthropogenic CO2 emissions need to decline by about 45% from 2010 levels by 2030, reaching net zero around 2050."

### **Greenhouse Gas Framework**



### Examples: Increasing renewable energy Reducing energy use in buildings

#### **Greenhouse Gas Reduction Strategies**

- 1) Increase Carbon-Free Energy
- 2) Reduce Building Energy Consumption
- 3) Reduce Transportation Energy Consumption
- 4) Advance the Circular Economy
- 5) Promote Biodiversity and Healthy Ecosystems
- 6) Educate & Empower

#### **28 Community Strategies**

#### **13** Municipal Strategies

### **Adaptation**

Example: Flood-proof roadways & critical infrastructure

#### **Adaptation Strategies**

- 1) Increase Infrastructure Resilience
- 2) Strengthen Public Health Systems
- 3) Enhance Emergency Management & Community Preparedness
- 4) Promote, Restore, and Protect Green Infrastructure & Ecosystems
- 5) Protect Local Food Security
- 6) Increase Resiliency Awareness & Outreach
- 7) Ensure Equity in Adaptation
- 45 Community & Municipal Strategies





# Implementation

### **Community Sustainability**

- Benchmarking & Disclosure
  American Cities
  Climate Challeng
- EV & Solar Readiness American Cities Climate Challeng
- Mayor's Youth Engagement Council on Climate Initiatives
- Heat Vulnerability Analysis
- Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) American Cities Climate Challeng
- SA Climate Ready Forum
- 2019 Greenhouse Gas Inventory
- CPS FlexSTEP & FlexBundle

### **Municipal Sustainability**

- Leadership & Employee CAAP Training Program
- CAAP Departmental Consistency Reviews
- Green Fleet Policy Update & EV Procurement
- 100% Renewable Electricity
- Cool Pavement Pilots
- Municipal Energy Efficiency Projects
- Racial Equity & Capacity Building



### **Transportation**

- EVSA Public Information Campaign
- Community EV Charging Infrastructure American Cities Climate Challenge
- Clean Air for Kids
- High-Frequency Public Transit Network
  American Cities
  Climate Challenge
- Commuter Incentives
  American Cities
  Climate Challenge
- Public Transit Speed, Reliability, &



# **Engagement & Communications Initiative**

#### **Engagement & Communications:**

- Social Media/Media/Marketing Campaign
- Customization of campaign messaging
- Story pitches to local media/op-eds
- Survey target audiences
- Spanish translation
- Drive awareness and action

### **Graphic Design Services:**

- Engagement & Outreach Materials
- Infographics

### **Focus on Equity**

• Funds dedicated to contracting with grassroots organizations for targeted engagement with vulnerable residents and communities of color

#### Timeline

• City Council A Session + Implementation in early 2021



# **Reflection Exercise**





### **Next Steps**

### **Mandatory Trainings**

#### Climate Science 101 Sessions

• January or February 2021: Dr. Andrew Dessler, TAMU

#### **Required Training Sessions**

- January 2021: Historical Truths Unveiled: An Introduction to Racism in the U.S. (4 hrs)
- February 2021: Examining Power and Its Impact (2 hrs)
- February 2021: Coaching Skills as Race Equity Tools (1.5 hrs)

### **Meeting Schedule 2021**

- **Q1** March
- **Q2** June
- Q3 September
- **Q4** December

# **Questions?**



# **Thank You!**

